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DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	
				FRIDAY. 5 P.M.
†	SUTLEJ	4205	A. Symons	3rd July.
R.L.	THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	10th "
†	GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	17th "
S.M.L.	CALEDONIA	7358	W. B. Andrews	24th "
†	SUTLEJ	4205	A. Symons	31st "
R.L.	CARTHAGE	5283	M. De Horne	7th Aug.
†	GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	14th "
R.L.	ORIENTAL	5284	L. H. Moule	21st "
•	SHANNON	4189	E. Crowe	28th "
R.L.	SUTLEJ	4205	A. Symons	4th Sept.
†	GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	11th "
				SATURDAY. 2 P.M.
R.L.	PENINSULAR	6297	F. H. Seymour	19th Sept.
†	THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	26th "
R.L.	SHANNON	4189	R. Crowe	3rd October "
†	GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	10th "
R.L.	CARTHAGE	5283	M. De Horne	17th "
†	THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	24th "
R.L.	INDIA	5008	R. F. Briscoe	31st "

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GISELA	G. de Grisogono	4,233	330	7th Aug. 1896

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CALEDONIEN	4228	C. L. Blanc	11th July 1896.
MELBOURNE	4080	C. Bourdon	8th August "
SALAZIE	4255	Chevalier	5th Sept. "
SAGHALIEN	5049	Le Gall	3rd October "
NATAL	4074	Verron	31st " "

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	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
S.S. FAZILKA	4,132	On or about the 25th July.

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The WARRANTS are in course of preparation for which purpose the Register of the Members of the Company will remain CLOSED from the 1st to 8th instant inclusive agreeably with the provision contained in clause 49 of the Bank's Articles.

By Order of the Board,
E. F. STRANACK,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Head Office, Armenian Street, Madras, 1st July, 1896.

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EDITED BY MAJOR C. E. POYNDER,
D. A. A. G. FOR INSTRUCTION.

CONTAINS:—The Indian Articles of War, as amended—The Statement of Objects and Reasons—Definitions in the Penal Code—Penal Code, Chap. V, ss. 107 and 108 "Abetment"—Illustrations of Charge Sheets—Rules and Forms for a Summary Court-martial—Rules and Forms of a Court-martial other than a Summary Court-martial—Forms of Attestation—Indian and English Evidence and Military Law compared—Index.

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CALCUTTA.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Probate of theWill of SHAH LALJI VARSANG late of Cutch Tera Hindoo Inhabitant, Deceased.

SHAH LADHA JETHA, the Executor of the said Will according to the tenor thereof .....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness, Sir CHARLES FREDERICK FARRAN, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 30th day of June in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-six, and in the Sixtieth Year of our Reign.

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

L. N. BANAJI,
The 30th day of June, 1896.
Messrs. WADIA and GHANDY,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

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IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of KHOJA SUMAR BHIMA, late of Bombay, Khoja, Mahomedan Inhabitant, deceased.

KHOJA DEVJIBHAI KANJI and KHOJA GANGJIBHAI PUNJA, Executors appointed according to the tenor of the said Will .....Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness, Sir CHARLES FREDERICK FARRAN, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 29th day of June, in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-six, and in the Sixtieth Year of Our Reign.

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

L. N. BANAJI,
The 29th day of June, 1896.
Messrs. NANU AND HORMASJEE,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have contracted to PURCHASE from ATMARAM, BHASKER ACHARYA, VINAYECK ATMARAM ACHARYA and RAMCHUNDER ATMARAM ACHARYA. All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the dwelling-house built thereon, with compound wall and Cocoanut Trees which are standing thereon, situate on the East side of Breach-candy or Girgaum Road, in the City and sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2909 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay with, another piece of land under old No. 92, New No. 798, old survey No. 557, and New Survey No. 7757, standing in the name of Vithoba Mankojee Gawad Bhundary, assessed by the Assessor of Municipal taxes under old No. 641, and new street No. 527 and ward D No. 286, registered on the name of Bhasker Trimbuck Acharya. Bounded on the North by the property of Moreshwer Damodhur and Saraswatibai, widow, on the South by the temple of Shri Luxminarayen, on the East by the property of Mr. Baita Mungesh Wagle, and on the West by the Breachcandy or Girgaum Road, and the same have been in occupation of tenants of the Vendors, together with the right of passage and two privies have been in use in connection with the premises and are situated on the North of the property of the said Moreshwar Damodhur and Saraswatibai, widow. If any person or persons have any claim or demand by way of inheritance, mortgage, lease, sale, gift, lien charge, or under trust or howsoever are hereby required to make known to the Undersigned at Nanjee Patel Tank Road, Nos. 100 to 104, opposite to Indu Prakash Press, within 14 days from this day. After the expiration of such time the intended purchase shall be completed without regard to such claims.

BECHURDAS MORLIDHUR,
Bond Writer.
The Purchaser.
Bombay, 25th June, 1896.

NOTICE.

IN accordance with an arrangement made with Messrs DE ROUBAIX OEDENKOVEN & Co., of 9 Billiter Square, *London*, for the settlement of a suit which they were about to file against Messrs SHAIK AHMED SHAIK DAWOOD, for infringement of their trademark, the following undertaking given by Messrs Shaik Ahmed Shaik Dawood is published by their authority,

MESSRS DE ROUBAIX OEDENKOVEN & CO., 9, BILLITER SQRARE., LONDON, E. C.

SIRS,—In consideration of your dropping your intended proceedings against us hereby undertake never in future to IMPORT into or SELL in Bombay or elsewhere Candles contained in packets bearing the Labels or Tickets complained of by you or any other Labels or Tickets which may be a Colourable imitation of your Labels or Tickets used by you on your Packets of Candles for some years past.

If we at any time break this undertaking you are at liberty to make use of this undertaking and take such steps against us as you may be advised.

As regards the Candles so marked now in our possession of the amount of twenty-five cases we undertake to discontinue selling the same until your solicitors in Bombay have obtained your leave for us to do so.—Dated this 21st day of May, 1896.

Yours, truly,

શેખ આમદ શેખ દાદુની શાઈ,
દા૦ રેહમતઅલી મહમદઅલી.

i. e. SHAIK AHMED SHAIK DAWOOD,
Handwriting of REHIMATALI MAHOMEDALLY.

WITNESSES,
HENRY A. H. PAYNE,
Solicitor, Bombay.
CURSEDJEE D. BANAJI,
His Clerk.

NOTICE is hereby given that MANECKBAI, widow and the sole surviving of the late PREMJEE JIVUN has contracted for the absolute sale of the under mentioned property. All persons having or claiming any right, title or interest to or in the said property or any portion thereof by way of inheritance, bequest, gift, sale, mortgage, lease or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same in writing within fourteen days from the date hereof to the undersigned at their office No. 4, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims, and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived :—

All that piece or parcel of land with the message, tenement, or dwelling-house erected and standing thereon situate lying and being on the North side of the Old Hanooman Lane in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement on the North side thereof 34 feet on the West side thereof 79 feet on the South side thereof 33 feet and on the East side thereof 79 feet be the same little more or less and bounded on the East by a drain 3 feet in breadth for the joint use of the owners and occupiers of the said message and ground hereby conveyed, and of the owners and occupiers of the premises on the other side of the said drain and beyond that by the premises belonging, to the late Hargovun Anundji Desai, on the West and North by a public passage and beyond that by the property of Ramji Purshotum and on the South by the said public road called Old Hanooman Lane and which said land is registered in the books of the Collector of land Revenue under New No. 2,940 and New Survey No 1,824, and which said premises were formerly assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 84 and are now assessed under Ward No. ——and Street No.——and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Manockbai.——Dated this 3rd day of July, 1896.

CHITNIS, MOTILAL AND MALVI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of KHOJA SUMAR BHIMA, late of Bombay, Khoja, Mahomedan Inhabitant, deceased.

KHOJA DEVJIBHAI KANJI and KHOJA GANGJIBHAI PUNJA, Executors appointed according to the tenor of the said Will .....Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness, Sir CHARLES FREDERICK FARRAN, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 29th day of June, in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-six, and in the Sixtieth Year of our Reign.

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

L. N. BANAJI,
The 29th day of June, 1896.
Messrs. NANU AND HORMASJEE,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

NOTICES.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE.

HAVING DECIDED to LEAVE BOMBAY, I have in accordance with instructions received from the Board of Directors at TRIESTE, handed over charge of the Company's business at this place to Mr. EMIL SCARPA, who has been appointed to be my successor.

C. ZANELLA,
Agent.

PHILLIPS AND COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE ELEVENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held in the Company's Fort Premises, New Oriental Bank Building, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 4th July next, at 4-30 p.m., for the transaction of the following business :—

1. To receive the audited accounts made up to the 29th February last, and the Directors' Report.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of those who retire but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Saturday, the 27th June, to Wednesday, the 8th July 1896, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

B. PHILLIPS,
Managing Director.

Bombay, 28th June, 1896.

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE FOR THE N.-W. PROVINCES.

Dated Allahabad, the 19th June, 1896.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

Matrimonial Jurisdiction.

PRESENT :—

The Honorable HARRISON FALKNER BLAIR, Judge.

MATRIMONIAL SUIT NO. 1 OF 1896.

In the matter of FLORENCE HELEN PERCY formerly of Lucknow in Oudh .....Petitioner.

AGAINST

JOSEPH PERCY, formerly employed on the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway at Lucknow in Oudh, and whose last known address was in Grant Road, Bombay.....Respondent.

To,—JOSEPH PERCY the abovenamed Respondent.

WHEREAS the Petitioner abovenamed has filed a petition against you in our High Court for the North-Western Provinces of India, praying that the marriage between the Petitioner and the Respondent aforesaid be dissolved, and whereas MONDAY, the 13th day of July, 1896, has been fixed for the settlement of issues and disposal of the case.

Now this is to command you that at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, you do appear in our said High Court in person, or by Advocate or Vakil duly instructed and able to answer to the matter stated in the said petition, and you are required to file your answer to the said suit on or before the 13th day of July, 1896, upon which day at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, you or your Advocate or Vakil must attend at our said High Court for the settlement of issues and production of evidence.

And take notice that in default of your filing such answer and attending for the settlement of issues our said High Court will on the said 13th day of July, 1896, proceed *ex parte* to hear and determine the said suit in your absence.

By Order of the Court,

C. V. JACOB,
Assistant Registrar.

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LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE, after the manner of various other great Poets, by W. E. H. PRICE. Re. 1-8. Postage Annas 4. To be had at this Office.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency Business, 1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

WALER or C. B., strong for Brougham work, wanted at once. Address, stating price, "J," are of this Office.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly Edition.—Issued on Monday and Thursday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly, Rs. 6; Quarterly, Rs. 3, to Subscribers in Bombay; to the Mofussil, postage extra.

NEW STEEL LANCASHIRE BOILERS, 20'-7"-130 lbs. working pressure, high class fittings, now ready for delivery with Government Inspector's Certificate. RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS, Bombay.

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ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I have been staying with my Family at the ALEXANDRA HOTEL for three days, and cannot help but saying that we received every attention both from the Proprietor and servants, and leave it well satisfied that it is one of the best conducted establishments of the kind in Bombay.—(Sd.) CHARLES DUKE, CAPTAIN.

WATERPROOF BILLIARD COVERS indispensable during the Monsoon, may be obtained at JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the Pall Mall Budget size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage. English Subscription, Rs. 15 per year, including Postage.

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BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF WINES SALVED FROM THE ARMY AND NAVY STORES FIRE.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 4th instant, at 3 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms—

A lot of wines, consisting of Burgundy, claret, chablis, &c.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY the 4th instant, at 2-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, valuable and handsome teak and blackwood French-polished household furniture, plated, glass and crokery-ware dining room chairs, dumb waiters, dressing washband and writing tables, ladies' low chairs with plush covers, ladies' davenports, iron four-post bedsteads, table lamps, pictures, gown press, bamboo flower pot stands, cooking stove, etc., etc., the property of H. A. FERGUSON, Esq.

The above is now on view.

Under instructions from the President, [illegible] adjustment Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will TO-MORROW, TURDAY, the 4th instant, at 2 p.m., sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of wearing apparel, consisting of evening clothes, flannel trousers, coats, riding breeches, caps, rugs, blankets, socks, hats, riding boots, leggings, polo sticks, billiard cues, one iron travelling bed, saddle, leather portmanteaux, tiffin basket, ammunition case and belt, scales, canvas bedding case with pillows, clock, looking-glasses, etc., etc.

The above is now on view.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 4th inst., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods;—

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong palanquin office-shigram in very good order.
1 second-hand strong glass-fronted miniature brougham.
1 handsome strong grey waler mare, aged, goes in single and double harness, very quiet.
1 C B chesnut galloway, 6 years, 14 hands, quiet in saddle and harness.
1 stylish bay Arab, 14-1, about 4 years, free from vice and believed sound, been used daily for riding and driving.
1 gentleman's saddle by "Peat."
The property of a gentleman—
1 pair handsome grey Arab horses going in harness and saddle.
1 bay Arab, suitable for a charger, quite sound.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 3rd July, 1896.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 4th inst., at 1p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the Tardeo Road, next to the Post Office, the very valuable and handsome black and teak wood household furniture, rich glassware and porcelainware, enamelled cut glass, 6 to 18 light chandeliers, enamelled and gilt pier glasses with pier tables, velvet brackets with fairy lamps, 1, 2, and 3 light hanging argand lamps, wax-cut sliding vase lamps, Brussels' velvet and Persian carpets, safety bicycle, handsome 18-stops large size organ with knee swell by Daniel Beatty, &c., the property of His EXCELLENCY MOHTESHAM-OS-SULTANEH, Consul-General of Persia.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE

On MONDAY, the 6th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods, and the following :—

25 bales, each 5 cwt, strawboards 25" × 30" 4.6, and 8 oz. sheets.
291 asbestos mill boards 1-32nd to 5".
3 cases woollen cloths consisting of kerseys, tunics, jackets, coats, vests, trousers, overcoats, blankets, &c.,
On account and at the risk of Govind Pershad of Cawnpore, ex-Australia.
PMI MMCB 126—1 case, 20 pieces painted meltons, 48 inches.
On account and at the risk of Ramnarain Khutri of Cawnpore, ex-Ajdia.
PM 2MMCB 127—1 case, 20 pieces diagonal meltons, 48 inches

AT 2 P.M.

1 strong serviceable office-shigram.
1 second-hand double-seated brougham.
1 serviceable second-hand victoria.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

AUCTION SALE OF AIR PROPELLERS AND PULSATING PUMPS.

ON MONDAY, the 6th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Action at their Rooms—

2 48 inches air propellers known as Challenge Fans.
1 60 inches "premier" power air propeller or fan suitable for a cotton mill.
3 Pulsading pumps with suction and delivery, complete with foot valves.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the machinery will be on view 4 days before the sale.

SALE OF GOLD AND SILVER ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General as administrator of the estate of the late Haridas Shivji, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms on Monday, the 6th inst., at 2 p.m., the undermentioned gold and silver ornaments, viz :—

Gold vak, chak, armalia vars, sankla, bangles kap kada galpato chin, toolsipati, chital, patli, mandalin, falkasakli, ivory bangles with gold foils, &c.
Silver vara, athasia, eudla, and utensils.
The property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 3rd July, 1896.

MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY,
23, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNTURE, PIANO, JEWELLERY, &c., &c.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY the 3rd instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. SHERIFF, SON & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Sale Rooms, in Apollo Street, hqu ehold furniture consisting of sofas, chairs, easy chairs, round, writing, dressing, washing and dining-tables, sideboards, mirror-door almyras, chest of drawers, cabinets, cloth presses, hat-stand, pictures, double and single bedsteads, jewellery consisting of diamond rings, loose diamonds, earrings, gem rings, pearl bangles necklaces loose pearls, ruby earrings, rings, gold and silver watches, &c., &c.

SHERIFF, SON & Co.,
Auctioneers,

Bombay, 3rd July, 1896.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERY SITUATE AT NEW ELPHINSTONE ROAD.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. Auctioneers' will sell by Public Auction on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of July, 1896, at 4 p.m., by order of the mortgagee Mr. Ebrahim Abdoolally Moochalla and on account and risk of the mortgagor Vora Kaderbhoy Kareemjee the undermentioned property, viz :—

All that piece or parcel of Vora Freehold new salt batty ground, with the message, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the north side of the New Elphinstone Road, Parel, in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, and containing by admeasurment 1426 6-9 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows :—that is to say on or towards the north by a piece of Batty land of Naroo Habaji and Hurry Babaji, on or towards the south by the Public Road, called the New Elphinstone Road, on at towards the east by the property of Rustomjee Nanabhoy and partly by the ground of the said Naroo Habaji and Hurry Babaji, and on or towards the west by a piece of Batty land of Meerjeli Rowanji Punbaky and which said land is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 563, 564 and 565, and New No. 12583, and New Survey No. 2-1967, and the said messuage or tenement thereon is assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 24.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the mortgagee's solicitors, Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanjee and Motilal, at Medows, Street, or to the undersigned Auctioneers,

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, 3rd July, 1896.

NOTICE is hereby given that we have DISCONTINUED the BOMBAY BRANCH of our Firm, as from 30th June, and have TRANSFERRED the BUSINESS other than Machinery, formerly conducted by us, to Messrs. LATHAM & Co., Bombay, who will continue to carry it on.

THOMAS G. HILL & Co.

67, Apollo Street, Bombay, 30th June, 1896.

NOTICE is hereby given that the BUSINESS other than Machinery, hitherto conducted by Messrs. THOS. G. HILL & Co., of Bombay, will be carried on by the Undersigned on and from 1st July.

LATHAM & Co.

Esplanade Road, Bombay, 30th June, 1896.

A. ROLLER,
ENGINEERING WORKS,
BERLIN N 20.

ESTABLISHED 1858.

Sole Speciality.—
IMPROVED
MATCH-MAKING
MACHINERY.

Of latest pattern and highest capacity. Three factories already installed in India, many others over all the world. Special experience in manufacturing matches in tropical countries.

CATALOGUES AND ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

REPRESENTATIVE—

F. BOMANN, M. E.
GREAT EASTERN HOTEL,
ROOM 66,
CALCUTTA.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

THE ASSOCIATED VINEYARD CULTIVATED CO.'S

BEEHIVE BRANDY.

THIS BRANDY is much approved in Great Britain, America, and Australia and has been recognized for upwards of a century. It needs only to be tasted to be appreciated. for it is undoubtedly the best shipped to India. Rs. 2-4 per Bottle.

"AULD SCOTTIE" WHISKY.

AS a SCOTCH WHISKY there is nothing finer than "Auld Scottie" made from the purest selected material and blended with the greatest of care.

Invalids requiring a genuine stimulant will find in

"AULD SCOTTIE"

WHISKY of the purest form. For Medicinal purposes it equals Old Brandy, Rs. 2-8 a bottle, of all respectable Wine Merchants.

This Whisky was the only brand placed on the table at the St. Andrew's Dinner at Calcutta and the Verdict was one of Unanimous approval.

J. J. BORDES'

ROYAL MESS BRANDY.

This BRANDY is so well known throughout the Presidency that it has pushed its way on its own merit.

INSURANCES.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIAN GUARANTEE
ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities only, and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

CALEDONIAN
INSURANCE COMPANY,
FOUNDED 1805.

THE OLDEST SCOTTISH INSURANCE OFFICE

HEAD OFFICE: 19, George Street, Edinburgh.

FIRE RESERVE FUNDS.....£577,096

Fire Insurances accepted on approved property, at Current Rates.

C. MACDONALD & Co.
Agents in Bombay.

23, Apollo Street.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE, LIFE, ANNUITY.

FUNDS.....£10.695,969
REVENUE.....£ 2,650,872

NEW LIFE BUSINESS DURING 1891, £1,936,495.

RATES LOW. CONDITIONS LIBERAL.
FIRST CLASS NATIVE LIVES.

Accepted on the same terms as Europeans Resident in India.

Further Concessions to Policy-Holders,

For further Particulars, apply to

EWART LATHAM & Co.,
FLEMING SHAW & Co.,
Agents.

"NEUBERG'S CHEROOTS."

NEW SHIPMENT OF

TRICHINOPOLY
CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

"Well rolled and well flavoured they bear off the palm,
They soothe leisure moments and anger disarm,
From the crown of your hat to the soles of your boots,
You feel that there's virtue in Neuberg's Cheroots."

Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks, which are simply *unapproachable* as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.

☞ Parcels for Friends at Home made up on Shortest possible Notice.

!! SPECIAL REGARD FOR DUTIABLE WEIGHT

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Div'd.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	2,000	200	all	10 per. ct.	1,450
Bank of Bengal	20,000	200	all	10 per. ct.	1,570
Bank of Madras	10,000	200	all	10 per. ct.	1,570
Oriental Bank	{ 2,500 / 2,500 }	200 / 75	all	10 p.c.	170
Lt. Rec. "					
Insurance.					
Asia	100,000	250	all	8 per. ct.	80
Commercial Union	50,000	250	200	7 per. ct.	437
Banking Corporation	50,000	$125	all	27-8s.	244
National Bank for India	60,000	£20	£12½	6 per. ct.	300

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly	
Alliance	1,000	1,000	all	Nil	700
Anglo-Indian	1,315				71
Ahmedabad S. & M. Co. Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	..	1,000
Bellasis S & W Co. Ld (Bellasis)	371	60	all	2 per ct.	230
Bombay United	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	950
Bombay Cotton Manufg. Co. Ld	600	500	500	dvd Rs.25	710
Bombay Industrial Manfg. Co. Ld	600	1,000	1,000		720
Bunder Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	155
Central India	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs.80	1,310
China Mills Co Ld	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.80	1,120
City of Bombay	600	1,500	1,500	dvd Rs.40	1,120
Dharamsey Jeram and Co	1,000	100	100	...	110
Oriental Manufg. Co. Ld	600	500	500	25	530
Gokuldas Land & Mill	4,000	100	...	dvd Rs12	650
Globe Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.80	740
Gunaji Keshavji Mill	300	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.80	1,375
David Mill	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.25	705
Hirjee Mills	2,100	500	500	dvd	230
Hindustan	3,100	500	500	dvd 25	730
Framjee Petit	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30	725
Jacob Sassoon	675	1,000	1,000	50	350
Kalyanji Mulji	700	600	600	40	660
Kamani and Dalloonjee	1,200	500	500	25	790
Kastoor Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50	840
Kesowji Naik	700	1,000	1,000	40	1,370
Khatau Makanji	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs.15	605
Kohinoor Cotton	500	1,000	1,000	50	1,200
Mahomed Ebrahim Jaffer Manufactur. Co. Ld	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30	925
Jacob Greaves	1,100	100	100	dvd	190
Jaffer Ally	900	600	600	dvd Rs.20	333
Jamshedjee Manufacturing Co.	1,000	200	200	dvd Rs.10	275
Jeevraj Balloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,130
Jehangir Mills Co. Ld	843	1,000	1,000	20	675
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.60	880
Khanga um Manufg. Co.	600	250	250	Nil	900
Khatau Mackanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.25	915
Maharaj Mills	5,000	100	100	dvd Rs.10	260
Mayer Ezekiel & M Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dv Rs100	2,815
Managon	5,000	250	250	dvd Rs 6	1,654
Monarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs75	2,400
Mysore S & M Co Ld	4,000	250	250	dvd 15	...
Madhavji Mills	7,770	100	100	Nil	par
Mathuradas	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	620
New Great Western	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs 20	675
Oriental	6,735	225	225	dvd Rs20	470
Pioneer Spg. Mills Co (Ld).	743	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	1,450
Queen Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40	1,050
Rajpur Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs30	1,200
Swan	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,350
Shahapore Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,335
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40	1,020
Southern India	1,000	500	500	15	170
Standard Manufacture	1,215	250	250	dvRs12½	405
San M'lo, Ld...	1,200	250	250	dvRs 12½	365
Standard Mills Co.	1,000	500	500	25	510
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	550
Swadeshi Mills	475	500	500	dvd Rs30	745
Sassoon and Allison	900	60	300	dvdRs30	740
Union Spinning					
Land Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	50	650
Union Mills Ld	00	1,000	1,000	...	580
Vanichsunker Lukmidas Mill					
Vaishnav C Mill Co. Ld	900	500	500	dvd Rs40	410xd
Victoria Mills	55C	1,000	1,000	Nil	450
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	35	975
Wadia Mills	1,200	1,000	1,000	...	...

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	£1,720	100	100	15	410
Back Bay Rathai	800	50	50	7½	40
Badhan Pile	6,000	100	100	12	164
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	200	6,800
Do. New Limited	500	375	625	75	1,650
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co. Ld.	1,250	100	100	dvd 3	78
Bombay Land and Building Co. Ld.	480	500	500	5 pr. ct.	500
Bombay Flour Mill	720	500	500	50	1,000
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr. ct.	250
Delhi and Nagpore India Flour Mills...	1,500	200	200	15	260
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.....	9,800	250	250	8 pr. ct.	340
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn ...	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	17½
John Roberts & Co.	1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	175
Kamp & Co.	4,000	200	175	21	378
Karrachee Landing	600	600	300	30	300
Marks & Co.					
Ld	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15	180
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	40
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance ...	5,000	200	50	10 pr. ct.	161
Phillips & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	½	107
Port Canning Co	9,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs22	517½
Scindy & Co...	1,000	100	100	9	50
Thacker & Co.	2,000	600	25	60	1,070xd
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100		120
Telephone Co.	9,980	25	100	dvd Rs1	31½

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly	
Arbar	200	1,350	1,350	75	1,150
Albert Gimning Co	100	600	all	18 pr. ct.	45
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	Rs 80	1,200
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	dvd 14 x	180
Bhownuggur City Press & Manfg Co. Ld	650	250	250	25	275
Bombay Cotton Brcul's Cawnpore Press Co., Ld.	4,000	125	125	dv Rs12½	177½
Broach City Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	14	192½
Colaba	600	200	200	12	230
Gujan Mills.....	600	1,250	1,250	dvdRs15	330
Incom.....	250	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs75	1,270
Sholapore Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,335
Soonderdas.....	750	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40	1,020
Southern India	1,000	500	500	15	170
Standard Manufacture	1,215	250	250	dvRs12½	405
San M'lo, Ld...	1,200	250	250	dvRs 12½	365
Standard Mills Co.	1,000	500	500	25	510
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	550
Swadeshi Mills	475	500	500	dvd Rs30	745
Sassoon and Allison	900	60	300	dvdRs30	740
Union Spinning					
Land Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	50	650
Union Mills Ld	00	1,000	1,000	...	580
Vanichsunker Lukmidas Mill					
Vaishnav C Mill Co. Ld	900	500	500	dvd Rs40	410xd
Victoria Mills	55C	1,000	1,000	Nil	450
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	35	975
Wadia Mills	1,200	1,000	1,000	...	...

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereign	Rs. 17-2
Mexican Dollars	nom.
Gold Five Franc Pieces	nom.
Bar Silver	44-12
Gold Lead	37-4
Bar Gold, English (100 touch)	36-15
Per Australia	36-14
Per Bombay	36-13
Per Paris	39-6

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 27m. Sun sets, 6h. 41m. High water, 4-48m., 4-21a. Low water, 10-1m., 11-18a.

P. and O. s. s. Caledonia, with English mails of the 19th ultimo, due to arrive, daylight.

P. and O. s. s. Bombay (extra) due to arrive.

Third Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.

Bombay and Akola Manufacturing Company, 2, Dalal Street, 3 p.m.

Tivoli Theatre: Miss Annie May Abbott's performance, 9-30 p.m.

Y.M.C.A., Apollo Bunder, Gospel Address to Young Men by Mr. J. E. Cooke, 8-30 p.m.

Music at the Esplanade Bandstand, 5-45 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Nowshera entered the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamers Hispania and Alphee entered, and the steamers Yarra and Sutlej left the dock yesterday.

POLO.—There will be a game, this afternoon, at 5 o'clock.

HOCKEY.—There will be a game, this evening, between the Gymkhana and the Rangers' F. C., commencing at 5-45, punctually.

BOMBAY NATIVE DISPENSARY.—During the month of June last the daily average attendance was 186, the admissions 2,064, and prevailing diseases, fevers.

THE WEATHER AT SEA.—The Anchor Line s.s. Hispania, Captain S. Abrey, which arrived in harbour yesterday, from Glasgow, Manchester, and Liverpool, experienced moderate to strong monsoon with at times considerable sea from Aden to Bombay.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Seychelles, Zanzibar, Daresalem, Madagascar, Reunion, Delagoa Bay, Natal, Cape Colony, Port Elizabeth, Mombassa, Mozambique, Beira and Inhambane, per extra's. s. Lavada, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 11 a.m., to-morrow (Saturday).

THE PERSIAN CONSUL.—His Excellency Hajee Mirza Hussoon Khan, Consul-General for Persia, left on Monday, for Poona, where he will remain for the season. The business of the Persian Consulate in Bombay will be conducted by Mr. Cowasjee D. Rustomjee, the Vice-Consul, during his absence.

HOCKEY.—The rains held out just long enough to permit a hockey match being played, last evening, on the Cooperage, between the Rangers' F. Club and the past and present students of the Cathedral High School. Both parties played vigorously and pluckily, as could be seen from the results of the game, to witness which a large number of ladies and gentlemen had turned out. At 7 o'clock, when time was called, the contending teams had scored one goal each.

MUSIC ON THE ESPLANADE.—The Band of the 21st Bombay Infantry will play the following programme at the Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, at 5-45, (weather permitting):—

Grand March	Victoria	Cook
Overture	Fleta Bunche	Suppe
Selection	Il Trovatore	Verdi
Valse	Eldorado	Royle
Grand Selection	Nabucco	Verdi
Polka	Hannah	Kuhnor

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

RELIGIOUS SQUABBLES AT COOBLA.—A correspondent writes:—It will be remembered that about the beginning of May last, a quarrel broke out between the parishioners of Coorla and the Bishop of Damaun respecting the management and control of the funds and properties of that parish church, which resulted in his Lordship's taking away with him the parish priest and leaving the congregation to manage their own affairs as they best could. Thereupon a long correspondence ensued between the Coorla people and the Right Rev. Dr. da Costa. The matter did not end here. His Excellency the Papal Delegate was appealed to, and after a short time his Lordship the Bishop sent the priest to Coorla, where recently a mass was said, and now the religious service, as before, is being performed.

SUICIDE OF A GUJARATI CLERK.—An inquiry was held, yesterday, at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, by Mr. Turner, the coroner, on view of the body of Bhagwantrao Babaji, a Gujarati clerk, aged about thirty-five years, residing in a room of a house in Kolbhatwady, Girgaum Back Road. Deceased, who was an unmarried man, had been out of employ for the last twelve months, and had been involved in debt. On Tuesday evening he purchased a quantity of opium from a licensed opium vendor's shop at Erskine Road, and having mixed it in water, swallowed the mixture. The result was that Bhagwantrao was found lying unconscious in his room on the following morning, and was removed by the police to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where he died yesterday morning. Constable Mitchell searched the deceased's room, and recovered a quantity of the mixture lying near the bedside. A verdict of suicide was recorded.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A LOHANA.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner, held an inquiry, yesterday, at Broach Street, regarding the death of a Lohana Hindu, named Mohunji Walji, aged about thirty-five years, residing with his brother on the fifth storey of a house at that locality. For the last six months deceased had not been in good health, and occasionally complained of pain in the chest and difficulty of breathing. About 8 o'clock, on Wednesday night, he took food with his brother Hurji, and then complained to him of severe pain in his chest and short-breathing. About 12 o'clock at night he went to a dispensary, belonging to one Mama Sagar, at Dongree Street, and called out to him "Maharaj, Maharaj, come down at once." Mama, who keeps his dispensary on the ground floor, and resides on the first floor, heard the call, and was coming down, when he suddenly heard a fall. He ran downstairs, and saw the Lohana lying on the ground in a fainting fit. He asked him what the matter was with him, when deceased replied that he felt giddy, and soon after this he fell backwards and expired. The jury returned a verdict of death in accordance with the above facts.

NEW MILL AT SHOLAPUR.—We feel great pleasure to announce that the well-known millionaire of Southern Hyderabad, Mr. Gyangirji Maharaj, and Rao Saheb Mallapa Bosapa Warad Solapurker, who has vast experience and keen insight into mercantile business, and has spent a considerable portion of his life in efforts towards the advancement of general commerce, have proposed jointly to start a new mill by the name of Narsinggirji Spinning and Weaving Mill, at Solapur. They have resolved to raise a capital of Rupees ten lakhs for the present, and in order to enable gentlemen of moderate means to take advantage of this joint concern, they propose to divide the sum into shares of one thousand rupees each. Messrs. Gyangirji Maharaj and Rao Saheb Mallapa Bosapa Warad and Co. are to be agents, and their head office will remain at Sholapur. The most advantageous feature of this undertaking is a wholesome rule which they have specially inserted in the Articles of the shareholders, and for the purpose of checking carelessness of the agents, which runs as follows:—"If the shareholders should receive less than three per cent. interest per annum, the agents should forego half their commission, and the amount thus obtained should go into the pockets of the shareholders."

A FRENCHMAN WHO LOST HIS WHIPS.—Before Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, Inspector George, yesterday, charged Robert Lucas, with theft of twenty-one horse-whips (made in Germany), the property of Adolphus Daniells, a Frenchman, proprietor of the Metempcychosis Show Room on the Esplanade, opposite the Victoria Terminus. Complainant engaged accused to sell goods for him during the day and work at the show in the evening. Accused brought his things and bedding into complainant's tent. Four days after this he was entrusted with the whips along with other articles to sell in the town. Being dissatisfied with the work of the accused, he dismissed him on the 25th ultimo. The next morning he found that accused had removed his box and bedding, and examining his own articles, complainant discovered the loss of the whips. He suspected accused of the theft, and was going to inform the police, when he met, accused in the Meadows Street with the stolen property in his possession. He was immediately made over to the police. Accused in defence said that he had purchased the whips in the market except one, which was given to him by complainant, who had also given him an album and two pepper-cellars in lieu of his wages for three days. The magistrate remarked that there was no evidence as to the theft being committed by accused, but he was in possession of the stolen property, and he could not account for the same satisfactorily. He was therefore convicted of being in possession of stolen property, and sentenced to a month's hard labour in the house of correction.

ASSAULTING A GOVERNMENT CONTRACTOR.—Mr. W. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, resumed the hearing of the case in which Mr. Hormusji Jeevanji Mistry charged Cursetji Jamshedji and Rustomji Jamshedji with assault. Mr. R. S. Brown, solicitor, conducted the case for the complainant, while Mr. De Souza defended. In opening the case Mr. Brown remarked that his client was a Government contractor, and was a partner of Mr. Roland, and also of Mr. Adamji Peerbhai. He was a respectable gentleman, and owned large property at Malabar Hill. He had contracted to purchase certain property belonging to accused's deceased father, who had by his will disinherited the accused on account of their misconduct, the whole property being bequeathed to his wife. Accused had served complainant with a notice asking him not to purchase the property. On the 19th May last, accused's brothers seeing the complainant pass came out of an Iranee's shop and assaulted him. Evidence for the prosecution having been recorded, Mr. De Souza called evidence to show that no assault had taken place. In disposing of the case, the magistrate remarked that he could not attach any weight to the evidence adduced by the accused. Their witnesses had come forward to positively assert that no assault was committed, and they could only speak about the shop, but they absolutely knew nothing about the locality. He could not believe that complainant and his witnesses would go into the box and perjure themselves against accused without any reason. Both accused were convicted, and the first was fined Rs 10, while the second, against whom there stood a record of several previous convictions, was fined Rs. 20 and was bound over to keep the peace for three months.

A NEW FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

WITH to-day's issue of our paper, is circulated the prospectus of a fire insurance company which is being formed in Bombay with the title of the Bombay Fire Insurance Company, Limited, with a very influential board of direction. Mr. Bomanjee Dinshaw Petit, son of the Parsee Baronet and millionaire, is the chairman. The other members of the board are all well-known, respected, and wealthy merchants, intimately associated with the commerce and manufacturing industries of the city. It augurs well for the future prospects of the company that the agents, Messrs. C. H. B. Forbes and Co., were connected for many years with a most successful enterprise of a similar nature that was wound up in 1893, when it distributed to its shareholders a sum of Rs. 1,228 for every Rs. 500 of capital originally paid, to say nothing of the handsome dividends paid during the twenty-one years of its existence. The business of fire insurance has recently been confined to the English and foreign companies, which have opened agencies in Bombay, and the earnings of these agencies, which may be estimated at from twelve to fifteen laks of rupees, are all remitted out of India. Local companies, such as the one being now started, will tend to counteract this drain of money from India, as the earnings will be distributed or invested in the country. Rates of premia have been considerably raised during the past few years in Bombay and other parts of India, and should be ample to secure large profits being made by any well-managed company, especially by one, the directors and shareholders of which are local magnates and can influence a large and profitable class of business to the company. Under these circumstances, the new company is sure to attract much general attention in the presidency, and to command a large amount of business which its advantageous position will enable it to extend every succeeding year.

MURDER AT DUNCAN ROAD.

ABOUT half-past 10 o'clock, on Wednesday night, a woman of the Dhed caste, named Maina alias Khatiza, aged about twenty-five years, residing in a mom on the ground floor of a house at Duncan Road, about a hundred and fifty paces away from Messrs. Treacher and Company's Byculla establishment, was murdered by one Rajana Sayaji, a Kamatee, residing at the 10th Lane, Kamatipura, by means of a knife. The motive for this terrible deed is alleged to be jealousy on the part of the murderer, who is a professional labourer, and was lately employed as a fitter in the Hongkong Mill and in the Grand Arsenal. It appears that the murdered woman was formerly in the keeping of one Abdul Rahiman Imambux, a Mahomedan, and lived with him, until the late Mahomedan-Hindu riots, when the man was sent to jail for three years for taking part in the disturbance. During his absence the woman went and lived with the murderer, Rajana, and remained in his keeping at the 10th Lane, Kamatipoora. Shortly before Abdul Rahiman, the former paramour, was released from the jail. Rajana took the woman to Kirkee, and there they remained until about four months ago, when on hearing of the liberation of her former paramour, she suddenly left Rajana and arrived in Bombay, and went in the keeping of Abdul Rahiman, with whom she remained. A few days afterwards, the murderer followed her to Bombay, and finding the woman had deserted him, he went to her from day to day and persuaded her on several occasions to return to his keeping, but she refused to do so. About two days previous, he quarrelled with her, and threatened to strike her, but she declined to accede to his wishes and remained in Abdul Rahiman, who warned Rajana not to come to his place. This appears to have caused Rajana to seek revenge on the woman. On Tuesday he received the balance of his pay, viz., Rs. 8, from the Hongkong Mill, out of which he spent two rupees in drinking on that day. The next day he continued to drink, and squandered Rs. 4 in drinking. About 10 o'clock at night he went to the woman's house, and endeavoured to induce her to go with him to his house, but she still declined. The man then dragged her out of her room, and brought her on the footpath, where he again entreated her to go with him, but in vain. He then drew out a knife with which he had been armed, and stabbed her on the neck causing a deep gash. The woman, who was then standing, fell prostrated on the ground and died. One Khaeratee Subramati, who witnessed the horrible deed being committed by Rajana, raised an alarm and followed the man upto the 13th lane, Kamatipoora, where he lost sight of him. Just then a Mahomedan, named Jaffer Rahimtoola, while passing along the footpath, saw the deceased woman lying dead with her throat cut in a pool of blood, and informed policeman No. 1028 E, doing duty at the junction of Duncan and Railiasis Roads. The policeman went to the spot, and saw the woman lying dead, but the murderer had absconded. Superintendent Nolan and Inspector Hack at once proceeded to the scene, followed by the Commissioner, Mr. R. H. Vincent, and his Deputy, Mr. Gell, the Sirdar, Inspectors Morar Rao and Framji Bhicaji, and an inquiry was at once set on foot. A sentry was immediately placed at the house of the murderer to watch his arrival there, which the result that about 1-30 a.m. he turned up, and was apprehended by the sentry. The Deputy Commissioner, Mr. Gell, and the Sirdar remained on the spot until the man was arrested, and made personal inquiries. The knife with which the Kamatee had perpetrated the deed has not yet been found, although a diligent search has been made about it. It is surmised that the man must have thrown away the knife somewhere in the gutter, while running away from the spot. When he was arrested, stains of fresh blood were found on his clothes and also on his shoes.

Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner, opened an inquiry yesterday afternoon, at Duncan Road, on view of the body of the deceased, when after the evidence of identification was recorded, the inquiry was adjourned.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Superintendent Nolan charged the Kamatee, Rajana Sayaji, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, with the offence of murder. The case was remanded.

WRECK OF A CARGO BOAT.

THE Port Officer of Bombay received the following telegram, on Wednesday night, from the Presidency Port Officer, Madras:—"A cargo boat sunk in 25 feet water, Malipuram Road, showing 4 feet mast above water Cochin lighthouse south 74 west spot is being buoyed."

UNDELIVERED LETEERS.

THE following is a list of undelivered letters lying at the Bombay General Post Office:—

Angel, Ida	Headon, W	Pullar, H
Anslvico, Burih	Hawes, F	Percival, Lionel
Ardaudin, Madame	Hammond, M C Mrs	Price, F G S
Alderson, Mrs	Haiman, Alexis	Pellai, A Vadivalu Averpal
Arthur, G	Hunter, W Y (1st Batn. Kings Regt)	Pellai, V M John
Allen, Captain		Phelps, E L
Bercovich, F	Howell, H N	Palijakoff, Michael
Blackett, Waller S	Herren Kotel, Otto Van	Ramachari, T
Burgess, H of Brox ted		Raukin, I K L
Bronover, Louisa	Hill, W H Capt	Rama Bux
Brockman, E, Mrs	Haramad, Lucy Mrs	Rabatnik, Solomon
Buksh, Mauju, Mrs	Hagani, Mrs	Swaon, R W
Carpentier, J H	Clementson, Mr	Ilbery, Capt
Chusel, Gusta	Ishwari, Persad	Shamafield, Albert
Campbell, J E, Col	Johnson, C (1st B Co)	Stanley, W
Conroy, J T C, Dr	Josh, Steffee, Miss	Sylvestan, E
Dawidson, M	Kearny, N M	Starkey, A
Dudelsak, Bruche, Madame	King, J G	Scott, S
Douglas, S W W	Kelly, E S Miss	Sheriff, F
Duck, Mrs	Koch, Helene	Sanders, H
Esposito, Genaro	Krishna Pillay,	Sylvester, C F
Edwards, G W	Krishnaswami Butler,	Scott, H H W
Edwards, Mrs	Kroe, Irma,	Sykes, Henry
Elliott, Jessie, Mrs	Knitzig, Joh.	Schaeffer, A
Farrell, T P, Mrs	Kinsbrunner, M.	Schultz, E
Fortune, Raval, Monsieur	Liddstone, C. A.	Sukerman, A
Fernandes, Arthur	Lobo, H. N., (Surgeon)	Tipaki, Ramacharia
Florence, Madame	Lulbert, H. L.	Thompson, Jas
Fernandez, Andrew Carlos (Goa)	Leslee, John.	Vaughan, R E W
Grandeels, Georges, Mons.	Milnite, A.	Walley, T St Geo
Guatoux, E F Mrs	Moone, D.	Wendt, R
Grinstein, Elli	Marco, Juan.	Werkenstein, Wm
Graves, J W, Mrs	Mirza Guffar Beg.	Wilkins, W Mrs
Grant Percy	Manjak, M.	Wakefield, W B
Gorbotchsky, Frioda Miss	Nicholl, A.	Walmsley, Johnnee
Graham, H E B	Nevill, Charles R.	Wilson, Mrs
Bellingham, Miss	Nicol s, Pierrott.	Whitnaw, A W
Green, Rebecca	Nishinawa, Mr.	Wood, J. Miss
Gurriba, B B	Nicefero, Calnadrini.	Wright, W B
Hill, S C	O'Conor, T.	Wiackiaevsky, Baris
Harding, Charles	Prentice, R. W.	Wickershane, W C
		Wood, Cecil

THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

YESTERDAY, at the Criminal Sessions of the High Court, the following case was heard before the Hon. Mr. Justice Budrudin Tyabjee and a common jury.

KILLING A MAN WITH A THICK STICK.

Razab Bahdulla, a member of the Juiahi caste, was charged with having, on the morning of the 26th May last, committed culpable homicide not amounting to murder, in causing the death of one Abdula Muradin, by striking him in the head with a thick stick, and with voluntarily causing hurt to Abdula Muradin. Prisoner was also charged, on the Coroner's inquisition, with causing death by committing a rash and negligent act. Mr. Young, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown; and Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin, conducted the defence.

Mr. Young, in addressing the jury, briefly stated the facts of the case. The death of the deceased occurred on the 26th May last in Ripon Road, Byculla, near a house in which he and his wife had been living for several years. There seemed to be a disturbance a little way off from the house that morning; and as the deceased, on hearing shouts in the street, wished to go out, his wife insisted upon him remaining inside the house. He did not attend to her remonstrance, but went outside the house. On hearing a noise, the wife ran to the window of her room, and on looking out, she saw her husband rolling on the ground in the street, while the prisoner was striking him in the head with a thick stick. When the prisoner left off striking, the deceased staggered up into his room. He appeared to be giddy; and the wife, with the assistance of some neighbours, took him down and left him in the road again. A policeman arrived, and put the deceased into a victoria, carried him to the Jamsetjee Hospital. He was then in a semi-conscious state and could give no account of what had happened to him. He lingered for some hours, became wholly unconscious, and died the same evening. A "post mortem" examination shewed a fracture of the skull in two places. The assult was witnessed by three other persons besides the deceased's wife. Their statements differed in certain particulars. One of the witnesses was a nephew of the accused, and he was naturally unwilling to make any statement which would tell against his relation. The learned counsel trusted that the jury would not reject the evidence of those witnesses on account of the differences in their statements. There was ill feeling between two bodies of the deceased's castemen, the Juiahis, and there was also personal ill feeling between the prisoner and the deceased.

Evidence was called for the prosecution.

Rahiman, widow of the deceased Abdula Muradin, said she lived at Ripon Road, at Byculla. She remembered the morning of the day on which her husband died. About 7 a.m., she heard some shouting in the road. Her husband was in her room. There was a feast in the house where her daughter had been given in marriage the preceding evening. Her husband proposed to go to that house, and as he got downstairs, she heard a shout in the road. On running up to the window to see what the matter was, she saw her husband rolling on the ground, while the prisoner was striking him on the head with a thick stick. He struck him several blows, and on seeing deceased's tongue protruding, the prisoner ran away to his house, which was about three paces off. The deceased then staggered up into his room. Witness called two of her neighbours, who took the deceased downstairs. About noon, on hearing that her husband had been taken to the hospital, witness went and stayed there till he died. On the preceding evening, witness's daughter was married.

Cross-examined by Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin, witness said that some one from the house where her daughter was given in marriage came to call her husband on some business, and he was going to attend to the matter. Witness did not object to his going out on that account. There was ill feeling between the prisoner and witness's husband. She had four children by the deceased, three of them, girls, being married.

Several other witnesses were examined, and the court adjourned till 10 o'clock, this (Friday) morning.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s s Emir, 2,606 tons, Captain John H Robson cleared yesterday for Havre and Amsterdam, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's s s Roma, 1,743 tons, Captain C F Hart, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta (9th June) via coast ports, with a general cargo.

THE Messageries Maritimes Co's s s Alphee, 998 tons, Captain F Etienne, arrived in harbour on Wednesday evening from Bushire (23rd June) via Karachee, with a general cargo and 14 deck passengers.

THE Anchor Line s s Hispania, 2213 tons, Captain S Abrey, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool (23rd May) via Liverpool and Manchester, with a general cargo and three deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to Messrs W and A Graham and Co.

THE German East Africa Line s s Safari, 891 tons, Captain C Keine, cleared yesterday for Zanzibar &c., with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr W J Turner, Mrs Moore and three children, Mr Ebrahim Hajee Habib, Mr T Kelly and 90 deck.

THE B I S N Co's s s Patna, 1,194 tons, Captain C R Kendall, cleared yesterday for the Persian Gulf via Karachee, with a general cargo and the same bottom cargo from Calcutta, and the following passengers:—Captain Chapman, Dr. Fleming, Mr Ahmed Khalud, Mr Faid Bin Khalud, Mr Zafz Mahomed and son, Mr Gopaljee Valjee, wife and infant, Mr Sayed Mahomed Alli and wife and 80 deck.

THE Messageries Maritimes Co's s s Yarra, 2,084 tons, Captain LeCoispellier, sailed yesterday for China, and Japan &c, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—For Batavia.—Mr J S Wind and family, Mr and Mrs B Ponsignon and two children. For Saigon.—Mr Granier, Mrs Guichat and two children. Mr. De Guingand and Mr Favier. For Singapore—Mr Max Hilckes, Mr P A Jolles. For Colombo.—Mr E F Hoole, and Mr M Pestonjee. For different ports, three deck.

ARRIVALS.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
1	Alphee (s)	Etienne	Bushire, June 23.
2	Hispania (s)	Abrey	Glasgow, May 23.
	Roma (s)	Hart	Calcutta, June 9.

DEPARTURES.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
2	Yarra (s)	Coispellier	China, &c.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

Steamer Safari, Keine for Zanzibar &c.
" Emir, Robson for Havre and Amsterdam.
" Patna, Kendal for the Persian Gulf.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Simla for the Persian Gulf.
" Hispania for Marseilles and Liverpool.
" Alphee for Persian Gulf.

CALCUTTA.

June. ARRIVALS.

29 Ethiopia s.....Mackinlay ..Rangoon, June 24.
Asia s.....John Bridges, Glasgow, May 16.
Clan Macarthur s...MacMahon ..Glasgow, May 16.
DEPARTURES.

June 29.—Steamers Pentakota, Kerbela, Alboin and Mahratta.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JUNE 27.

Banks, Surg-Col, Bo, I M S, off leave from England.

JULY 2.

Foster, Captain, Bo, 28th Pioneers, on leave from Kirkee.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R S. BROWN, V.D., COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 3rd July, 1896.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. There will be Tent-pegging and hurdle practices at the co-operage (7 a.m.) every

GROSS NEGLECT OF THE EYES IS THE MOST PRODIGAL OF ALL NEGLECT.

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In Dr. MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES every detail has been most carefully studied. Not only does he use the purest natural Crystal or Pebble, which is infinitely better for the Eye than any artificial Glass, but cuts the Lenses in strict accordance with the latest improvements of Science, combined with a principle discovered by himself, which renders them quite unapproachable by those of any other maker. The frames, too, are the results of years of patient study and gradual improvement, leaving now little to be desired.

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Perinet and Fils' Cuvee Reserve	82 8
Krug 1892	84 0
Wachter's Royal Charter	80 0
Moyneaux Pere and Fils Cuvee de Reserve	81 0
'Indian Club' Brand—excellent and inexpensive	46 0
Pol Roger 1889	88 0
Duminy 1885	88 0
Sparkling Saumer, Dry	33 0

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YOUR VISITING CARD.	Rs. a.
100 Gentleman's Cards, one line with Plate	4 0
100 Ladies' Cards, one line with Plate	5 0

Other lines, such as Club, Address and Regiment, charged Re. 1 per line extra.

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THE NATURAL CARLSBAD SPRUDEL-SALT is an efficient diuretic, but as an aperient it should be taken before breakfast, in doses of from one to two teaspoonfuls dissolved in water.
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BRAIDS, CORDS,
LACES, FRINGES, &c.,
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BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 2.

SHOWERY weather has prevailed at the Presidency, but there has been no more heavy and continuous rain since the date of our last report. A revival of demand for Cotton from local spinners has taken place this week, and prices of this staple, of which an unusually large balance of unshipped stuff, out of this season's arrivals remains in stock, have advanced slightly almost daily; but Exporters have still been almost out of the market. In Wheat and Seeds there has been no animation; and beyond some decline in Lin and Rape, prices in these markets are unchanged. Rates of Exchange were steady for a time at a slight advance; but receded again, and close 1-32d. below the level of last Thursday evening's quotations. Money is easy, but not plentiful. Government Paper has declined 3-8 per cent. Freights have been quiet in tone, with very little business reported, shippers not being disposed to advance their offers. Only a small business has transpired in Imports, on about the basis of last week's sales; and Up-country dealers await the progress of the rains before venturing upon fresh operations.

MONEY.—A further increase of 29½ lakhs, at 237 lakhs, in the Cash Balance was disclosed by the Presidency Bank's Statement of Affairs issued on Monday, indicating still greater contraction in the trade demand for Money. The addition to Private Deposits last week was three times as much as in the week preceding, while the Return again showed a material decrease in Bills Discounted. There was a small increase in Loans; but the net falling-off in trade requirements was represented by some 36 lakhs, compared with a decrease of 26¼ lakhs in that direction in the previous week. In Government Deposits there was a decrease of over 5 lakhs in the aggregate at the Bank's head office and branches.

The market remains easy, though money cannot be said to be plentiful, and the Bank of Bombay minimum rate remains at 4 per cent.

EXCHANGE.—The market opened firm in tone last Friday at 1s 2 7-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, while the rate for three months' sight Credits was 1s 2 5-16d. Merchants' Bills were very scarce; but owing to Bazaar re-sales rates advanced, and were again firm at closing. At opening on Saturday the market was quiet but steady with 1s 2¼d quoted for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s 2 11-32d for three months's sight Credits. Rates, however, soon gave way 1-32d, and a few Merchants' Bills were placed, but the business reported was small in both directions. On Monday rates were steady at 1s. 2 7-32d for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s 2 5-16d for three months' sight Credits. Business was slow, and there were no Merchants' Bills offering. During the day 1s 2¼d. was easily obtainable for ready and forward Telegraphic, but at the close the advance of 1-32d. was lost. A steady feeling prevailed in the market on Tuesday with 1s 2 7-32d quoted for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s 2 5-16d for three months' sight Credits. There was very little enquiry either way, and rates declined 1-32d, a few Merchants' Bills having been sold at 1s 2 9-32d. Yesterday rates were quiet at 1s 2 7-16d for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s 2 5-16d for three months' sight Credits. There was no enquiry either way, and rates remained unchanged to the close. To-day the market opened quiet at 1s 2 3-16d for Bank medis of remittance, and at 1s 2 9-16d for three months' sight Credits. There has again been very little enquiry in either direction, and the market closed quiet as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand		1s. 2 5-32d.
Do.	Telegraphic Tr.	1s. 2 5-32d.
Do.	3 months' sight	1s. 2 3-16d.
Do.	4 do.	1s. 2 3-16d.
Do.	6 do.	1s. 2 7-32d.
Credits	3 do.	1s. 2¼d.
,,	6 do.	1s. 2 9-32d.
Documents	3 do.	1s. 2 9-32d.
,,	6 do.	1s. 2 5-16d.
France	3 do.	150
,,	6 do.	150½

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Last mail-day the market opened firm at 110 9-16 for Account, and afterwards advanced to 110 1-16; but declined again with a weaker feeling, and closed at 110. On Saturday rates fluctuated a good deal, and moved both ways to the extent of 1-8 to 3-16 per cent.; but eventually the market closed weak at 109 13-16 for Cash, 109¼ for last Monday's Settlement, and 109¼ for the July Account. Weak at opening on Monday rates receded to 109 for Cash, at which they closed, with the July Settlement quoted at 108¾. On Tuesday the market was quiet, and rates declined to 108 15-16 for Money and 108¾ for Account, at which they left off. The market opened yesterday at 108¾ for Cash and 108 7-8 for the July Settlement, but became rather firmer during the day, and closed at 108 9-8 and 109 in the two positions, respectively. This morning the market opened at 109 3-8 for Money, and 109 1-8 for the July Account, but became firmer as the day advanced, 109¼ and 109¼ having been the respective closing quotations. Municipal five per cent. Loan is five per cent. higher, at 133. Port Trust Bonds are 4¼ per cent. higher, at 114¼.

SHARES.—The little movement there has been in this market since last mail day has been almost entirely of an upward tendency, most noticeable in Mill Scrip. Our quotations as compared with last week's show an advance of Rs. 50 in Hindustani; of Rs 35 each in Bombay United and Khandesh; of Rs. 30 each in Britannia and China; of Rs. 25 in Lukhmidas; of Rs. 20 each, in Alliance, Bombay Cotton, Dhuu, and Empress; of Rs. 15 each in City of Bombay, Manockjee M. Petit, Swadeshi, and Western India; of Rs. 10 in Sassoon; of Rs. 5 each in Howard and Bullough, and Imperial; of Rs. 4 in Leopold; and of Rs. 3½ in Standard, and a decline of Rs. 35 in New Great Eastern; of Rs. 26 in Indo-China; of Rs. 25 in Jubilee; of Rs. 20 each in Soonderdass, and Union; of Rs. 10 each in Central India, Colaba Land and Mills, and Hope; and of Rs. 5 each in David, Mazagon, Oriental, and Sun; and of Rs. 2½ in Jamshed. In Miscellaneous Bombay-Burmah are Rs. 350 higher in the first issue, and Rs. 80 in the second; and Bombay Ice, Rs. 2; Thacker and Co. are Rs. 6 lower; and Port Canning, Rs. 2½.

IMPORTS.

PIECE GOODS.—The state of the market for *Grey Goods* has undergone no change of any importance since last week. The up-country buyers are still only operating according to their immediate requirements, and there is no inducement at present, and until the result of the first rainfall shall be known to forward business. In *Bleached Goods* only a small business has been reported, and rates are the same as before. In *Dyed, Printed, and Turkey-Red* Goods also there is no change, and the demand for them is very limited. The week's Clearances of *Imported Goods* from the Bazaar this week has been about 3000 packages. The market for *Locally-made* Goods is very dull, and prices are drooping slowly. The clearances for the week have been about 1,000 bales.

YARNS.—The market for *Imported Twist* has been quiet, and the amount of business passing has been small; but prices are all unchanged. For three days after the departure of the mail the market for *Local Spinnings* became very weak; but no reductions occurred in rates. In the latter part of the week, however, the feeling has somewhat improved. For the past fortnight the sales in China have aggregated 17,000 bales. The Sales here for the week have been about 3,500 bales, and the market closes steady, at the following official quotations:—

Twist	No. 6s	Mule, As.	4¼	to	4 7-8	per lb.
,,	,, 8s	,, ,,	4¾	,,	5	,,
,,	,, 10s	,, ,,	5 1-16	,,	5 5-8	,,
,,	,, 12s	,, ,,	5 7-8	,,	5¾	,,
,,	,, 16s	,, ,,	6	,,	6 5-8	,,
,,	,, 20s	,, ,,	6¼	,,	6 7-8	,,
,,	,, 24s	,, ,,	7	,,	7¼	,,
,,	,, 30s	,, ,,	7 3-8	,,	8	,,
,,	,, 40s	,, ,,	8¼	,,	8½	,,

METALS.—A decline of 4 annas per cwt. has taken place in the price of *Copper* this week, and of 6 annas in that of *Yellow Metal*, the tone of both markets being quiet at a decline, with only a small business passing. *Iron* is steady at an advance of 4 to 8 annas per cwt.

COAL.—Resales have been reported during the weak of *Powell's Dufryn*, for July-August shipment, at Rs. 21¼ per ton, and there are buyers at present for the same coal at Rs. 23 per ton, without any sellers. *Wallaces Merthyr*, for Jupiter (s), June shipment, has changed hands at Rs. 20 to Rs. 22½ per ton. *Davison's West Hartley*, June shipment, was sold at Rs. 18½ per ton and then re-sold at Rs. 18¾ per ton. The market closes very firm and advancing. We quote alongside:—

	Rs.	per ton.
Welsh Hartley	,, nil.	,,
West	,, 19½	,,
Australian	,, 17	,,
Powell's Duffryn	,, 22½	,,
Cardiff	,, 23	,,
Japan	,, 15	,,

EXPORTS.

COTTON has been quite neglected by shippers since the date of our last report; but local consumers have increased their purchases materially, taking considerable quantities from stock daily, the feeling having been steady throughout, with prices advancing Re. 1 or Re. 2 per candy daily. The quantity taken by the Mills during the week, amounts to about 12,000 bales, consisting of Oomrawattee and Dhollera-Bhownuggur varieties, Bengal, and Compta; Exporters having bought only about 4,500 bales in all of Oomra, Bhownuggur, Broach, and Compta. The balance of unshipped Cotton remaining out of the arrivals of this season's Cotton is unprecedentedly large, consisting chiefly of Oomras, Dholleras, Bengals, and Broach, of the aggregate value of over three crores of Rupees. This evening the market closed steady, with prices Re. 1 to Re. 4 higher than on last Thursday.

The Receipts of Cotton of this season's crop into Bombay, during the past week have been 5,000 bales, compared with 13,000 bales to hand in the week preceding; and the excess in arrivals of new Cotton this season compared with last, has now become reduced to 590,500 bales.

Official telegrams from the Cotton-growing districts to hand this morning report more or less rain all over the area, sufficient to allow of sowing operations making good progress on being completed in most of the districts of all the circles excepting Dhollera, where sowing had not commenced owing to the absence of rain.

We subjoin the Native Estimate of the stocks of Cotton, in godown, which we consider fairly reasonable, and the comparison with the two previous seasons is interesting, viz.:—

	1896.	1895.	1894.
Dhollera, Bhownugger, &c.	53,000	54,100	70,000
Veeravul, Cutch, &c.	27,600	16,800	2,550
Oomras, Julgaon, Barsi, &c.	182,950	94,400	1,06,750
Comptas, Westerns	16,650	20,000	21,825
Bengal	46,700	29,650	17,725
Broach	13,200	6,750	11,200
Dharwar	2,400	1,200	6,500
Persian and Sundries	2,500	2,100	6,000
Total Bales	3,45,000	2,29,000	2,42,550

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without Commission, viz.:—

Cotton—	Per candy, Rs.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine	,,	166—2 15-16d.
Do. Fully Good	,,	154—2 3-4d.
Do. Good	,,	147—2 5-8d.
Salaisa, Fine	,,	170—3d.
Do. Fully Good	,,	165—2 29-32d.
Khandeish, Fully Good	,,	164—2 29-32d.
Oomra, Fully Good	,,	175—3 1-16d.
Dholleras, Fine	,,	182—3 11-32d.
Do. Fully Good	,,	178—3 1-8d.
Do. Good	,,	168—2 31-32d.
Gl. Dharwar, Good	,,	192—3 11-32d.
Westerns	,,	169—2 31-32d.
Broach, Fine	,,	207—3 9-16d.
Do. Good	,,	196—3 15-32d.

The Arrivals of new Cotton into Bombay, this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season 1895-96.	Season 1894-95.
	F. P. Bales.	F. P. Bales.
Bengals	348,000	224,500
Berar	403,000	215,000
Khandeish	314,000	236,500
Barsi and Nugger	98,000	50,500
Hingunghat	14,500	1,000
Persian and Sind	60,500	30,500
Broach	214,500	104,000
Dholleras	401,500	385,500
Comptas and Dharwar	83,500	122,000
Westerns and Madras	12,000	9,500
Total	1,949,500	1,359,000

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1896. Bales.	1895. Bales.	1894. Bales.
For the week	7,210	15,367	23,251
From 1st Jan. to 1st July	1,517,935	1,315,181	1,438,133
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	7,030	9,553	20,471
From 1st Jan. to 1st July	639,331	465,514	731,716
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	21,958	841	7,923
From 1st Jan. to 1st July	269,369	98,301	117,257

WHEAT has been quiet when not dull throughout the week, and with only a small enquiry from shippers. There has been no movement in prices, and quotations have remained as follows:—

White Peasy, 21 per cent.	Rs. 4-8-0	per cwt.
Do. do. 25 ,,	,, 17-0	,,
No. 1 Club Delhi	,, 4-10-0	,,
Red Delhi	,, 4-5-0	,,
Hard Yellow	,, 4-3-6	,,
Red Ahmedabad	,, 4-6-0	,,
Hard Red	,, 3-12-6	,,

SEEDS also have been quiet in tone, the business for export reported from day to day having been upon a limited scale, while rates for *Linseed* and *Rapeseed* have declined 1 to 2 annas per cwt., our closing quotations, this evening, being as follows:—

Linseed	Rs. 6-11-6	to Rs. 6-12-6	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat	,, 7-4-0	to ,, 7-6-0	,,
Do. do. Cawapore	,, 7-0-0	to ,, 7-1-0	,,
Do. Red do.	,, 6-3-0	to ,, 6-5-0	,,
Gingelly, White	,, 42-0-0	to ,, 43-0-0	,,
Do Mixed	,, 39-8-0	to ,, 40-8-0	,,

The comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds, are as follows:—

	1896. cwts.	1895. cwts.	1894. cwts.
Wheat for the week	28,607	155,779	101,722
Do. from 1st Jan. to 1st July	2,769,253	3,720,207	2,388,091
Linseed for the week	34,149	22,284	60,227
Do. from 1st Jan. to 1st July	3,099,261	2,481,061	4,893,592
Rapeseed for the week	28,665	26,446	70,369
Do. from 1st Jan. to 1st July	695,365	1,833,640	2,823,502
Gingellyseed for the week	1,004	552	825
Do. from 1st Jan. to 1st July	817,027	726,914	741,702

The clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent, are as follows:—

	1896. cwts.	1895. cwts.	1894. cwts.
Wheat for the week	47,300	265,512	50,590
Do. from 1st Jan. to 1st July	1,187,410	1,626,774	1,321,512
Linseed for the week	23,005	13,409	82,282
Do. from 1st Jan. to 1st July	2,419,848	1,890,882	4,150,686
Rapeseed for the week	8,010	42,160	156,113
Do. from 1st Jan. to 1st July	625,107	1,497,233	2,299,673
Gingellyseed for the week	3,999	8,501	7,008
Do. from 1st Jan. to 1st July	1,049,815	1,004,834	885,938

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 1.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Surats steady.

Good Dhollers 3 5-32

The Manchester market has been steady.

2¾ per cent. Consols	113 13-16
3 per cent. Rentes	100¾
2½ per cent. Sterling Loan	120
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	64 9-16
Bar Silver	31½

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

NAPLES, JULY 1.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Rewa, left here this afternoon.

PLYMOUTH, JULY 1.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Nubia, arrived here this morning.

SUEZ, JULY 1.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Ceylon, from Colombo, arrived here this morning.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Britannia, from Colombo, arrived here this morning.

HONGKONG, JULY 2.

The s.s. Kaisar-i-Hind, left here this afternoon.

COLOMBO, JULY 2.

The s.s. Paramatta, left here, at 4 p.m., to-day.

The s.s. Malta left here, at 10 p.m., to-day.

The s.s. Rosett, left here, at noon, to-day, and is expected to arrive in Bombay, at 6 a.m., on Monday next.

The Bombay Japan Line Steamer Kt. of St. John, left Tuticorin, for Singapore, on 2nd instant.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

POONA.

DEATH.

BETHAM—June 29, at 113, Civil Lines, Poona, Laura, widow of R G Betham, Indian Navy, aged 64. "Her children call her blessed."

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BURNIE—June 24, at Madras, the wife of John Burnie, S I Railway, of a daughter.

PIGGOTT—June 24, at Aligarh, the wife of T C Piggott, C S, of a daughter.

SMALLEY—June 29, at 1, 2 and 3, Old Court House Street, Calcutta, the wife of William Smalley, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

BENSON—SIMPSON—June 29, at the Cathedral, Madras, by the Venerable the Archdeacon, Percy Hugh Benson, Surgeon-Lieut-Colonel, I M S, to Katharine Ada, second daughter of the late Clement Simpson, Esq. of Messrs Binny and Co.

DEATHS.

DEVERIA—June 25, at Purulia, B N Ry, Jules Deveria, aged 58 years and 6 months.

MURRAY—June 26, at Lalchand Tea Estate, Sylhet, from fever, Joseph Macnaughten Murray, son of R S Murray, Esq. Rutherglen, Scotland.

WOLSELEY—June 24, at Ranikhet, 2nd Lieut Garnet J Wolseley, 2nd Battalion, Derbyshire Regiment, only son of Major-General Sir George Wolseley, Commanding Lahore District, of enteric fever.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

R. A. T.—The correspondence on the subject ceased some time ago.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JULY 3, 1896.

THE decision of the Ministry to drop the Education Bill—spoken of by their principal supporter in the press as the chief measure of the Session—becomes intelligible when we read the columns of contradictory opinions on its scope and tendency which it evoked from the most faithful followers of the Government, to say nothing of the fierce and implacable opposition of the Nonconformist press and pulpit. The chorus of more or less angry criticism diversified by many prophecies of dire results to the voluntary schools which it was the main purpose of the Bill to place in a more advantageous position to meet the rate-aided competition of the Board Schools, was not counterbalanced by any effective advocacy or support from outside. The clamour of denunciation filled the air, and no voice was up-lifted in sympathy or encouragement. The multitude of counsellors bringing wisdom brought final bewilderment, for they differed fundamentally, even when some semblance of agreement might have been reasonably expected. The Bill proposed to give financial aid to the Voluntary Schools by a grant from the Imperial Treasury of four shillings a head to the pupils. That proposal of the Government, of which Lord Salisbury is the head, was denounced by Lord Salisbury's son and heir, who holds that unless the aid came from the rates, "the schools will be again at their last gasp in eight or ten years, when the Radicals will be in power again." The argument is that if the money be voted from the public revenue by Parliament, the Liberals will on their return to power refuse to include a State grant to Church Schools in the Budget. Lord Salisbury is, by implication, accused of lacking courage and statesmanship. "Now, therefore is the opportunity, if we have the courage and the statesmanship to take advantage of it"—to put the burden on the rates, so that the House of Lords will be able to veto any proposal to rescind the grant when another Government is in office. The Bishop of Chester is of the same mind; he viewed the financial side of the Bill "with dismay." It gives a dole of four shillings with one hand which will be taken away in the near future with another." He and the Bishops of the North of England strenuously urge an equitable distribution of the Education rate amongst the efficients of all schools. Mr. J. R. Diggle, late Chairman of the London School Board, pointed out that the National Union of Conservative Associations only last November enthusiastically and unanimously declared that the public money raised for elementary education should be distributed *pro rata* among all classes of schools certified as efficient by the Education Department. Like Lord Cranborne, Mr. Diggle warned the Government not to have anything to do with miserable doles, but to use their present opportunity.

Sir Henry Howarth, M.P., another of Job's comforters, informed the Government that "instead of bread, they were offering a very hard stone, an absolutely illusory remedy, which, instead of producing peace, will raise animosities and discontent everywhere"—a veritable stone of offence. He denounced the cry of "public control" in opposition to the demand for rate aid as a mere bogie; for his part Sir Henry does not object to public control so long as it does not affect religious teaching and the appointment of teachers. And he unkindly reminded the Government that the passing the Socialist Free Education Bill by the Conservative Party was, next to the adoption of Home Rule, the greatest instance of political profligacy in modern times, and that it is no secret that "the present Bill was not prepared by our natural leaders." All this, and much more, counselling the Government to abandon the 27th clause of the Bill placing the burden of the grant to the Voluntary Schools on the Treasury and substitute one placing it on the local rates on an equal footing with the rates supporting the free Board Schools. But then the unfortunate Ministers had to give ear to much clamorous advice and warning in a quite opposite sense. The Northern Bishops declared in favour of rate aid; the Southern Bishops, with the Archbishops of Canterbury at their head, were equally emphatic in declaring that such a false move would eventuate in the conversion step by step of the Voluntary Schools under Church management into Board Schools under Board control. The Bishop of London wrote to the *Times* urging the Northern Bishops to consider well whether it would not be better to hand over some of their schools to the School Boards rather than put "the whole body of the Church Schools on the slippery slope of support from the rates." Then a Liberal Unionist Nonconformist up-lifts his voice warning the Government that the belief that the Church is using a temporary political situation to procure "a fresh and permanent measure of endowment—almost an extension of establishment—leads many Unionists to regard the Education Bill with doubt and regret." The way was not made perceptibly clearer by the assurance of Cardinal Vaughan that "an experience of ratepayers' control in Catholic Industrial and Poor Law Schools does not justify the fearful caution which characterises the Anglican opponents of rate aid." We have only referred to the Babel of tongues let loose on one of the many perplexing clauses of a very complex Bill. The other provisions of the luckless measure were subjected to criticism as fierce and as little calculated to afford light and leading to the Cabinet. Small wonder that it has been "postponed" until January next—or until the Greek Kalends.

THE Agricultural Rating Bill, introduced by Mr. Henry Chaplin on April 20, was read a third time and passed through the House of Commons on Wednesday night,—the majority of 150 in its favour being four above the majority that Government nominally possesses. The Bill has only been passed by a rigorous application of the closure, and by resort being had to two all-night sittings, one of which lasted 22½ hours. The main opposition to the measure arose from objections to the principle of subsidising a particular industry to the extent of two millions sterling at the expense of the general public. The question indeed bore some resemblance to the one that has evoked so much interest in Bombay during the last six months—namely, that of the cost of house-connections. The Opposition contended that the relief afforded by the Bill would not go into the pockets of the farmers,—much less into those of the labourers—and that the landlords would reap all the benefit either by enhancements of rent or by obtaining the full rents they have been obliged in recent years to remit. Whether this be so or not it is certain that the "Landlords' Relief Bill," as it has been constantly called, introduces a new principle into the taxation of the country, and the question which Parliament had to consider was whether the exceptionally depressed condition of agriculture justified its introduction. The county members, remembering the promises made to the farmers during the election, said that it did: but many of the borough members were of contrary opinion. The night the Bill was introduced Mr. George Whiteley, the Conservative member for Stockport, raised the standard of revolt and was joined by others. But in view of the majority by which the measure has been passed, it would seem that these defections have not been very numerous, that is unless they were counterbalanced by the votes of the Radical representatives of rural constituencies who went into the lobby with the Government. But one result of the revolt of Mr. Whiteley and his friends has been the placing of a time limit to the relief afforded, thus giving an opportunity for the question to be re-opened five years hence. Under the measure which passed its final stage in the House of Commons on Wednesday, after the close of the current financial year—namely, 31st March, 1897—agricultural land is to be assessed upon one-half only of its rateable value instead of upon the whole. Agricultural land is defined as any land used as arable land, meadow, or pasture land only, or as market gardens, nursery grounds, or allotments; but it does not include land occupied along with a house, park, garden, or pleasure ground. Out of the annual grant, as it is called in the Bill, will be paid, in half-yearly instalments to the various spending authorities who are enumerated in the Bill, the share of the grant to which they will be entitled, to meet the deficiency arising in each individual case from the lower assessment of agricultural land. The first of these payments will be made during the six months preceding the 31st March next, so as to provide for the half-yearly payments which would be due to the local authorities on account of the first six months following that date. The amount to which each spending authority will be entitled will be certified by the Local Government Board. A separate valuation will be required of the agricultural land and the houses and buildings, since the houses and buildings will continue to be rated with the whole of their rateable value. The county clergymen are intensly disappointed that the Bill does not lighten the rates upon tithe rent charge, which has suffered so much diminution in recent years owing to the fall in the average price of wheat, but Government while expressing every sympathy for the clergy, have refused this relief on the ground that the difficulties in the way are insuperable. The Bill has now only to pass the House of Lords—where it is sure to be eagerly welcomed,—to become the first great measure passed by the Unionist Government, which came into power twelve months ago.

ALTHOUGH the settlement come to at the meeting of the University Senate the other day was on the whole a fair and reasonable compromise, it will not in practical working be entirely free from anomalies. Under it a candidate for the First Examination in Medicine failing in one subject only must obtain in each of the remaining two subjects at least fifty per cent. of the aggregate possible marks in them in order to be exempted from re-examination in these subjects, while a candidate failing in any two subjects must obtain at least 60 per cent. of the aggregate marks allowed in the third subject in order to be exempted from further test therein. Thus a candidate with I. 60; II. F.; III. F. will be freed from re-examination in the first subject. But a student with I. 60; II. 45; III. F. is not to be exempted in regard to the first subject because he does not fail in two subjects, although *a priori* he ought to be excused. The minimum percentage required for passing in a subject in this examination is considerably less than 45—it is only 33⅓. Take another case: that of a candidate whose papers leave the examiners marked I. 60; II. 35; III., 35;—total 130. He passes in all the separate subjects, but does not reach the minimum total of 135 (that is 45 per cent.) required at present, and therefore he fails. It will thus be seen that there are two distinct cases unprovided for by the decision arrived at the other evening. They are (1) that of a candidate getting at least a 60 per cent. in one subject and passing in the other two, but not making the minimum total. If he got 50 per cent. in either of these two latter he would make up the total and would pass the whole examinations. The second case is that of a candidate getting 60 per cent. in one subject, passing but getting less than 50 per cent. in another and failing in the third. And yet these cases certainly deserve the indulgence much more than that of students obtaining 60 per cent. in one and failing in the other two. It is quite certain that the Fellows in favour of the resolution passed could not have intended to make these exceptions, and so the anomaly must be put down to an oversight. It was the possibility of such blunders arising which led us to express our approval of one of Mr. Tripathi's amendments, which was withdrawn before an opportunity for discussion of it had been given. Under it the general principle of Mr. Ranade's motion being affirmed, the details would have been worked out by the Syndicate, thus preventing the loss of time and the inconvenience attaching to a reference to the Senate. The settlement of questions of principle is the prerogative of that body, but the carrying out of details rightly belongs to the Syndics. It is true the executive body of the University refused to obey the behest of the Senate when called upon to frame rules in accordance with the recommendations of the Examination Reform Committee. But it does not follow that because the Syndicate refused to be the medium for introducing sweeping organic changes into the constitution of the University—changes asked for by only six of the sixteen members of the Special Committee—it would do the same in regard to a reasonable general principle affecting the re-examination of candidates. The two questions stand on an entirely different footing, and there is no reason to believe that the action of the Syndicate in the one case would have been repeated in the other. If it had, the members of the Syndicate would deserve the fate hinted at by Mr. Mehta, when he spoke of what might happen at the next election of Syndics.

THE Germans are as angry as our own countrymen at the acquittal of Major Lothaire of culpability in connection with the hanging of the British merchant Stokes in the Congo Free State, and the *Cologne Gazette* is as severe in its strictures on the proceedings in which Lothaire was acquitted as any of the English journals. Lothaire's friends contend that Stokes merely masqueraded as a British merchant and was really a German emissary. This the Cologne paper indignantly denies. To pretend that Stokes was in German employ, and that he had even the command of German officers, it declares to be a most shameful lie. Stokes was in fact, it urges, the greatest merchant of the East African protectorate, and as such he contributed greatly towards its prosperity. He upheld the Germans most effectively in their struggles with the Arabs, and the German Government strongly recommended him to the Emperor for the decoration which he obtained later. Like all German chiefs of caravans, he had the right—and, moreover, it was his duty—to float the German flag; but it is absolutely false that his carriers wore the German uniform, or that arms and ammunition were sold to him. Not the slightest proof is forthcoming that arms were imported through the German coast to the interior of the country. Major von Wissmann is expected to throw much light on Stokes' true position, and now that he has arrived in Germany, it is believed that he will be able to give weighty evidence regarding Lothaire and his methods. Meantime, the German press warns Lothaire that he is not yet out of the wood though a Belgium court has acquitted him. As the saddest incident of the Lothaire affair is quoted the death of the young lawyer L

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE *TIMES* ON LORD HAMILTON'S SPEECH.

LONDON, JULY 2.

The *Times* eulogises the speech made by Lord George Hamilton at the opening of the Indian Institute at Oxford, which, it says, however, may be contrasted in India with acts showing how regardless England is of Indian interests when clashing with political expediency at home.

THE COST OF THE SUAKIN CONTINGENT.

The *Times* adds that it is understood that the Government, notwithstanding the protest of the Government of India, still intend to charge the Indian Exchequer with the pay of the Suakin Contingent.

THE STATE OF CRETE.

Fighting still continues in Western Crete.

The Ambassadors of the Powers consider that the nomination of a Christian Governor is nullified by the retention of Abdullah Pacha as Military Commander of the Island with superior rank.

PASSING OF THE LAND RATING BILL.

The House of Commons have read the Land Rating Bill a third time by a majority of one hundred and fifty votes.

THE 24TH BOMBAY INFANTRY.

The Indian Marine steamer Clive, with the 24th Bombay Infanty from Mombassa, has arrived at Zanzibar, and is proceeding to Bombay.

OPENING OF THE INDIAN INSTITUTE AT OXFORD.

Lord George Hamilton, yesterday, opened the Indian Institute at the Oxford University.

In a speech made on the occasion he eulogised the Indian Civilians, and said the Institute by encouraging the study of Indian subjects would deepen Great Britain's hold on the affections of Indians.

AUSTRALIA *VS.* YORKSHIRE.

Australia has beaten Yorkshire by one hundred and forty runs.

VOTE OF CONFIDENCE IN THE ITALIAN CABINET.

ROME, JULY 1.

The Chamber of Deputies have by a large majority passed a vote of confidence in the Cabinet.

The Marquis di Rudini, who spoke on the same lines as the Duke of Sermoneta, said it was necessary to retain Kassala as a safeguard to Italy's rightful interest in the Egyptian question.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, JULY 2.

The death is announced of Harriet Beecher Stowe.

THE INDIAN TROOPERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 2.

The Clive and Warren Hastings reached Suez this morning.

THE C. P. CODE.

The proposed amendment of the Criminal Procedure Code for introduction and disposal during the current Simla season will not be proceeded with.

THE MERCHANT SHIPPING BILL.

In accordance with the proposals of the Secretary of State and the Board of Trade, the recent Merchant Shipping Bill, the draft of which was so severely criticised at Home as altogether impracticable, will be amended and revised for re-consideration during the forthcoming Calcutta Session as soon as final instructions are received from the Secretary of State.

THE A. Q. M. G. AT HEAD-QUARTERS.

Major Kemball will continue to officiate, *vice* Colonel More-Molyneux as Assistant Quarter-Master-General at Army Head-quarters until further notice.

THE SIMLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Mr. Prestage is now quite confident that the survey operations for his new scheme of the Kalka and Simla Railway will be sanctioned to take place during the ensuing cold season.

THE YEOT RAILWAY ACCIDENT CASE.

POONA, JULY 2.

The case against the assistant station-master at Yeot was resumed to-day.

Cooverjee, engine-driver of the mail train, cross-examined, said that he worked in the service for the last thirty years the automatic brakes attached to the engines. If he had become aware of the danger he would have pulled the train within a hundred yards. The night of the accident was very dark, and the wind blowing hard. He did not see the tail and side lamps of the goods train. He could see the lights at a distance of a quarter-mile. The collision occurred as there were lights to the brake of the goods train. Guard Steers did not show the red danger signal. It was the duty of the Guards Woodward and Clarke to apprize him of the danger if they had seen the danger signals. He did not see the front portion of the goods train anywhere between the scene of the accident and Yeot station. The breaking of the coupling caused the parting of the train.

Guard Woodward, cross-examined, said he must do his duty carefully, and he had to keep good look-out. He saw no lights in front of the mail train. He saw the distant signal of the Yeot station. He saw the brakesman of the goods train with a white light. He did not know if Guard Steers addressed the brakesman.

Guard Clarke, cross-examined, said he was in the brake behind the mail engine. He was bound to keep a careful look-out. When working from his compartment he could see three miles clear. The first light he observed was the distant signal of Yeot station. On dark nights one could hardly see it.

Mr. Cowper, District Traffic Inspector, cross-examined, said that he had known accused to be a very careful and good signaller. The station-master was bound to satisfy himself that the whole train had arrived. The rules you referred are those which are framed and sanctioned by Government. Witness further said in reply that he cannot say anything more. The rules were sent by the District Traffic Manager for guidance. Regarding the block system he believed the special danger signal was given to the station-master at Uruli by the station-master of Yeot some time after he gave "line clear." Had there been anybody at Uruli station to acknowledge the special danger signal, he would have stopped the train, and the accident would have been avoided. The driver of the goods train becoming aware that his train had parted, he should have taken the necessary precautions. The Guard's arrival book is kept at the terminal station. There are no such registers kept at Yeot and Uruli. There are no arrivals of guards at Uruli and Yeot. There is a register at the terminal stations, showing the composition of each train. The station-masters at the intermediate stations have no means of knowing the composition of the trains arriving and departing from their station.

The case stands adjourned till to-morrow.

MASONIC MEETING.

At a meeting of the Lodge Mallet and Chasel, held yesterday, at the Masonic Hall, his Excellency Lord Sandhurst was unanimously elected Master for the ensuing year. The installation ceremony will take place on the 2nd September next.

THE FOUR HUNDRED LAKH LOAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 2.

No tenders have been received at present for the Four Hundred Lakh Loan. It is anticipated officially that tenders will not be received until after the 10th or 12th July. The receipts of the tenders will then be published daily by the Government of India for general information.

RINDERPEST IN CHITRAL.

Rinderpest has again broken out in Chitral, and numbers of cattle are dying daily in different villages. The country has by no means recovered from the terrible losses incurred from disease last year, and the matter is one of the utmost gravity.

THE CHUTIATAN BRIDGE.

The Chutiatan bridge is now open to traffic.

THE LEH-GILGIT TELEGRAPH.

The new branch of the Leh-Gilgit Telegraph line has been opened.

THE POSITION OF THE BANK OF BENGAL.

CALCUTTA, JULY 2.

The directors of the Bank of Bengal at their meeting, this morning, declared a dividend for the half-year ended 30th June last, at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum. The profits available, including Rs. 257,271 brought forward from the previous half-year, amounted approximately to Rs. 1,932,796; which sum is disposed of as follows:—In payment of dividend at 10 per cent. per annum, ten Lakhs; transferred to Reserve Fund, three and a-half Lakhs; transferred to the Pension and Gratuity Fund, one Lakh; and Carried Forward, Rs. 482,796. The average rate of Advances on Loans during the half-year was Rs. 5·774 per cent.

CRICKET.

THE AUSTRALIANS BEAT YORKSHIRE.

The Tykes have again succumbed to the "Cornstalks." It seemed as if the Australians were in for a spell of bad luck after their successive defeats by the M. C. C. and All England, but their earlier victories were evidently no fluke to judge by the telegram received yesterday. In the first match the Australians won the toss, and showed what they could do on a dry wicket by running up the respectable total of 262, for which Darling (57), Trott (61), and Gregory (64) were mainly responsible. None of the Tykes could do much with Giffen and Jones, and were dismissed twice for 118 and 136, by no means a true criterion of their strong batting powers. The second victory of Australia seems to confirm, until we can get further details, their inability to cope with Jones, who has kept his end up wonderfully, so far ably backed up by Giffen and Trumble. The apparent failure of Eady and McKibbin to adapt themselves to English grounds has been as great a surprise as Iredale's failure to make runs, and any news to prove this to the contrary will be welcome. It only remains to be seen what our cousins will do against the champions, Surrey and All England, in the remaining test matches.

THE PARSEE CRICKET SEASON.

The following is the complete and revised programme of the Parsee Gymkhana cricket fixtures for this season. The list is a heavy one, and it will be seen that in July they have as many as eight matches. Another noticeable feature is the daring innovation of trying to tackle three fairly strong teams on the same day. On August 1st, they meet the Hindu Gymkhana and the Islam Gymkhana on their grounds, and simultaneously with these two matches they will engage the Elphinstone College Gymkhana on the Parsee Gymkhana ground, thus presenting the novel sight of one club having three teams out, all playing side by side. Another new departure is the match with a team of students now in residence at the various colleges of the Bombay University. The Bombay Gymkhana will be met twice, and an interesting match has been arranged against the Poona Hindus, while all the principal Parsee clubs will be met once. The work of selecting the Parsee representative team and making all arrangements for the two Presidency matches will again devolve upon the Parsee Gymkhana, whose committee will also supervise the colts match instituted last year to help the selection committee in its work. The Colts match will be played on August 15th and 16th.

PARSEE GYMKHANA CRICKET FIXTURES, 1896.

(a) Saturday, July 4.—St. Xavier's College C. C.
(a) Saturday, July 11.—Elphinstone College Gymkhana.
Sunday, July 12.—Elphinstone C. C.
(a) Thursday, July 16.—Marine Battalion C. C.
(a) Saturday, July 18.—Grant Medical College Gymkhana.
Sunday, July 19.—Noble C. C.
(a) Saturday, July 25.—B. B. & C. I. Railway C. C.
Sunday, July 26.—John Bright C. C.
(a) Saturday, August 1.—Hindoo Gymkhana.
(a) Saturday, August 1.—Islam Gymkhana.
(a) Saturday, August 1.—Elphinstone College Gymkhana (Return).
Sunday, August 2.—Liberal C. C.
(a) Saturday, August 8.—Bombay Gymkhana.
(a) Thursday, August 27.—Marine Battalion C. C. (Return).
Sunday, August 30.—Young Zaroastrian C. C.
(b) Monday, August 31.—Bombay University.
(a) Saturday, September 5.—Bombay Gymkhana (Return).
(b) Thursday, September 10.—Poona Hindoos.
(a) Saturday, September 12.—Army and Navy Stores C. C.
Sunday, September 13.—Persian Club.
Sunday, September 27.—Baronet C. C.
(a) Saturday, October 3.—Hindoo Gymkhana (Return).
Sunday, October 4.—Independent C. C.
(a) Half-day Matches. (b) Public Holiday.

THE BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is a memorandum of the Bank's profits for the half-year ended 30th June 1896:—

	Rs.
Total profit	10,97,109
Applied as follows:—	
To dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, free from Income-tax.	5,00,000
,, a Bonus 1 per cent. for the half-year.	1,00,000
,, Reserve Fund	2,00,000
,, Bonus to Staff and to Pension Fund	55,000
Carried forward	242,109
Total	10,97,109

BANK OF BENGAL.

The Bank of Bengal has declared a dividend for the past half-year at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, transferred 3,50,000 to Reserve Fund; 1,00,000 to Pension Fund; and carried forward 4,82,796.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT.—JULY 1.

10 p.m.	82·4

THURSDAY, JULY 2.

6 a.m.	81·2
10 a.m.	85·2
2 p.m.	80·4
4 p.m.	84·0

As a party (says Mr. Labouchere in *Truth*) the situation of the Liberal party is certainly a curious one. If Lord Rosebery is really the leader recognised by officialdom, it is even more curious, for the leaders in the House of Commons seem entirely to ignore him in their Parliamentary action, and so far as regards them he has become what the Tycoon was in Japan. Occasionally he emerges from his retirement and makes a speech at some provincial gathering in which he carefully avoids all but the vaguest platitudes. I gather from the statement of the *Birmingham Post* that he is now in Spain—the country of castles in the air—but whether he is there or whether he is at home no one seems to trouble himself.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, JUNE 12.

Last week witnessed a very fine display of journalistic enterprise. An energetic weekly paper, called *London*, made a notable discovery. It found a poet; a boy poet only fifteen; a poor lad working at 8s. a week in an india-rubber factory. This really interesting discovery the editor hastened to use, and to use in the most telling manner possible, giving a portrait of the boy, an account of his present life and surroundings, and specimens of his verses. For a lad of fifteen they are very promising verses. The *Daily Chronicle* next found in the boy and his poetry the subject for an extremely interesting leader. The *Westminster Review* in its turn, having more time to spare, spent it on an interview with the boy, got a great many more facts, and published them with more verses. Altogether, it must be a long time since a factory boy has had so much attention paid to him. Chatterton, I believe, arrived in London unnoticed. Meantime, what is to become of the boy? Perhaps before these lines appear his fate will be decided for him, and he will be lifted out of his india-rubber manufactory. I should recommend, if the means can be found, that three years at school should be bestowed upon this boy. Afterwards he will probably become a journalist. Perhaps the evening classes of King's College would help him; in any case, as everybody seems agreed, he must be taught. Yet there is something to be said for letting the boy alone—quite alone—to work out his own fate for himself. He may kill himself with hard work; he may fret himself to death; he may take to evil courses; on the other hand, there is the one instance before us of a great, a very great, poet—Robert Burns—left severely to himself. Since so much notice has been taken of him, he must, I suppose, be educated; we shall see, then, whether the harvest of autumn will correspond to the blossoms of spring. Certainly, there is great promise in the boy. Yet he may become that most hopeless of all [mortals, a facile versifier. Certainly, there are lines in those quoted in *London* which it seems as if only a true poet could have written.

The poor lad who is pushed on account of his cleverness, does not always justify his early promise. You know the story of the man who pretended to be the author of "Scenes from Clerical Life"? He was a clever village boy; so clever that he was pushed, shoved, haled up, educated, and advanced. They sent him to Cambridge in order to conquer the University by his cleverness and the world by his piety. There contrary to reasonable expectation, he did nothing. That, his friends said, was because he was so wrapped and absorbed in pious meditations. People must wait till he was ordained. Nobody can be Senior Wrangler, it was whispered, without being an Infidel, or holding erroneous doctrines, at least. In due course he took upon him holy orders. His friends then waited for him to set the ecclesiastical Thames on fire. Again, contrary to reasonable expectation, the clever village lad proved in this direction also a deplorable "frost." Never were there heard from any pulpit sermons more mediocre; never was there seen a duller preacher; never was there known a more tedious companion; never was there seen a more unlearned scholar: the man himself was as much disappointed and astonished at his own failure as anyone interested in him could be. Then came, or seemed to come, his one chance to justify himself. A brilliant book came out; it was anonymous; it was also about his own part of the country. Who wrote it? "Forgive these blushes, I did." Alas! poor village lad! So clever and so promising! His end, I have heard, was beer.

A new kind of collecting mania is reported. It is that of collecting railway tickets. As it has long been the unalterable resolution, as everybody knows, on the part of the railway companies to collect their tickets for themselves, the collection by private hands requires skill, boldness, and ingenuity. The whole difficulty is to get past the ticket collector. This is attempted, sometimes successfully, I learn from an ardent virtuoso in railway tickets, in several ways. You may rush him in the crowd; you may walk past with a familiar nod—that of the season ticket holder; you may linger to the last, and until the ticket collector has gone; you may pretend to be on the platform in search of a friend; you may pretend that you have already given it up; you may even, as is remoured concerning one enthusiast, pretend that you have lost it, and pay your fare over again. All collecting, except that of collecting gold coins of the present reign, is vanity, but, really the vanity of collecting railway tickets is the most egregious.

"Oh! what a splendid blackcap!" "Which and where?" "Oh! dull and unregarding ear, not to mark that note. He is in that tree, but you cannot see him through the leaves." Again the bird uttered his sonorous cry. My companion knows the flight, and the feathers, and the song of every bird, just as he knows every wild flower of field and hedge. And I—alas!—I know nothing. This it is to be town bred; the ear is never trained; we lose the finer part of one sense. Oh! we can hear, quite plainly, the cracked bell of the church in the next street; also the rolling of the waggon and the demon whistle of the train; but to one whose ear is trained and cultivated, merely to sit in a copse or in a lane and to listen is a joy which a poor deaf dullard like myself can never experience. It means the call and the song and the love-making of a hundred birds; he knows them all; he can separate them all; he hears the murmur of the million insects—it is too low a note for my ears, stuffed and numbed with the rolling of wheels—he can hear the tones as that of a cigale raised a key—the tones of unknown insects—too shrill for me to hear; he can hear the patter of the wild creatures' feet, the rabbit—the weasel—the rat in the grasses and the bushes of the hedge. Such an ear is not possible for all; but something can be done for every ear with cultivation. One cannot become as open to the touch of Nature as a gamekeeper, who is always in the wood and coppice, watching and listening all day long. We pay something for the privilege of living in town; let us not, however, pay too much. To be deaf to the sweetest sounds in Nature is to pay too much. Go forth; my younger brother, warned by me; go forth and sit alone in the wood, and watch and listen till your ear becomes open to the harmonies of rustling leaf and rushing brook, and blackcap and willow warbler, and their kind.

When you try to reconstruct London of a hundred years ago—it is the prettiest and most amusing occupation possible—here is something for you to remember. First of all, anyone living in the very heart of London—say, in Walbrook—could get into the country in a quarter of an hour. The City came to an end at Whitechapel in the east, and at Westminster in the west, at Old-street in the north, and at St. George's, Borough, on the south. Outside these limits the citizen found fields and gardens and streams. Yes, there were streams in every direction; the fields were intersected with streams; these streams were crossed by hundreds of pretty bridges, with green palings, leading to little gardens with cottages beyond. For instance, the Effra river flowed along the south side of the Brixton-road as far as Kennington Church. The road was beautiful with these bridges and the gardens planted with lilac and laburnum. Half-a-dozen tiny streams rose in the fields beyond Covent Garden and flowed down the slope of the Strand; there were the Tyburn and the Westbourne, with the Fleet, and the Lea on the north; the Wandle and the Falcon, and the Effra and the Ravensbourne, on the south. The Moore fields and the fields beyond were dimpled with springs and wrinkled with streams; some of the springs were utilised for public gardens, as Bagnigge Wells and the White Conduit House, and many others. In fact, there were fifty places outside London to which the citizens could go on a summer evening. Short stages ran for Hampstead or Highgate every hour—you secured a seat beforehand; but it was quite as rural to repair to Bagnigge Wells behind Gray's Inn-road as to the Gatehouse of Highgate or Jack Straw's of Hampstead.

When the Prince and the Princesses opened the East London Exhibition last Saturday, loyalty took the usual forms of bunting across the road—the Whitechapel-road takes a deal of bunting to reach across; of really splendid hats with feathers; of Venetian masts and flying streamers, especially about the public-houses; and of the multitudinous voices crying "O king, live for ever!" translated, of course, into English. There was one little touch of loyalty which I hope someone pointed out to the Princesses, for it means much—among other things real loyalty, if there were any doubt upon that subject. It was this. All about that part of Whitechapel which runs from Aldgate for about half-a-mile, there were thousands of a little children brought out to see the Prince and the Princesses; these children were all clad in clean white pinafores. So that they must have come there—they were assigned to the front row—with their mothers' consent, and made by their mothers to show their respect for the Princess and her daughters by putting on a clean pinafore.

One East End institution proved equal to the occasion, and came out very strong. The display of bunting at the Trinity Almshouses meant more loyalty to the Crown—who would suspect an old skipper of disloyalty? It proclaimed aloud to the multitude that the Hospital was still standing—a monument of Beauty, sentiment, association, and instruction—and was going to stand. "We are saved," cried the flags; "will your Royal Highnesses remark that we are saved? We are saved; and while we remain, we shall teach these people, every day from generation to generation the lesson of honour due to age; of duty before money getting; of religion and of charity; of beauty and of fitness. They would have destroyed us, and with us they would have destroyed those lessons. But we are saved."

BUSHIRE NEWS.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

BUSHIRE, JUNE 20.

Since the 9th of May last, the day on which official mourning for the late Shah was over, Bushire has again been gay. On this day the flagstaffs of all the Foreign Consulates were dressed; and otherwise the rejoicings amongst the Persians were altogether on a grand scale—even the lowest and meanest showing his loyalty to the new Shah by hoisting flags and buntings on the terrace of his humble dwelling. The bazaars and the public buildings also wore a festive appearance, usual on such occasions. The H. M. S. Lapwing fired a salute of 21 guns in honour of the safe arrival of the Shah at Teheran. A salute of 114 was also fired from the Imperial saluting battery at Bushire. The Persian gun-boat Persepdis, which had left here for Linga, Bunder Abbas, and other Persian ports, with his Excellency Mirza Ahmed Khan, the Persian Admiral on board, who was deputed to proclaim the new Shah and restore quiet in those places, returned to Bushire on the 4th inst., after fulfilling her mission. The R. I. M. S. Lawrence and H. M. S. Sphinx arrived in Bushire on 1st instant from Bombay whither they had been for their annual repairs. Colonel Feschuhima, the Japanese Envoy to the Teheran court, left here on the 4th inst., with presents to his Imperial Majesty the Shah. It would appear that the Japanese envoy was the bearer of the Jubilee presents to the late Shah from the Mikado. On the 8th instant the Shah, arrived in Teheran from Tabreez. Bushire was in gale dress, and from the 8th to the 10th June there have been fireworks, illuminations, and other rejoicings throughout the province of Bushire. On the 9th there was a state dinner at the Persian Government House at Bushire. On the 13th June, Colonel F. A. Wilson, the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, accompanied by Mrs. and Miss Wilson, left Bushire for Shiraz and districts on tour. His Royal Highness the Hissam-es-Sultaneh, the Governor-Elect, arrived in Bushire on the morning of the 18th instant, and was received amidst great popular rejoicings. As there has been very little rain this year, every article of food is getting dear, and it is feared there will be a famine throughout the province. There is already scarcity of water in some of the ports of the Gulf, and fever prevails in various districts.

THE GORAI-BORIVLI ROAD.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I am sorry to have to publicly complain of the neglected condition of the Gorai-Borivli Road, which complaint I hope will reach the ears of the Taluka Board of Salsette, and result in their putting it in good order. The surface of the road is very soft, and the whole communication ill-deserves the name of "road," as it is even worse, in certain respects, than the country tracks, which serve in dry seasons as communication for carts from place to place. The Gorai-Borivli Road is an eye-sore to the public, and I cannot see the wisdom of allowing it to remain, from year to year, in so bad a condition that a few showers turn it into a harrowed ground, and cause the interruption of all vehicular traffic.—Yours, &c.,

A SUFFERER.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAILS.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Sutlej, Captain A. Symons will sail, to-day, for London, Brindisi, and Aden, with the English Mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Coroly, Mr and Mrs W D F and 2 children
Falconer, Surg Lieut S E
Handley, Mr J H
Harvey, Mr and Mrs, and 2 infants
Magenis, Capt J A
Prestley, Mr Neville
Pack, Mr Jean
Randall, Miss
Thorne, Mr C W
Wahab, Master

FOR BRINDISI.

Crawford, Surg Capt J M
Drummond, Mr
Ezra, Mr E
Fakhire, Surg Capt F G
Gosselin, Lieut B, R H A
Gupta, Dr
H H the Maharajah of Cooch Behar
Moore, Col C M J
Plowden, Mr C
Sen, Mr N
Walker, Surg Col J L
Warner, Mr H R

FOR ADEN.—Mahomed, Mr H F

The following passengers have been engaged:—

Per s. s. Thames, Captain W J Nantes, 10th July, 1896.

For Brindisi—Mr R A Cordner; Rev C W Hume; Surg Capt E B Beach; Surg Capt H N Thompson; Mr K E Hickling; Mr H D Carey; Lieut Col and Mrs Dobb; Mr Gibson; Mr and Mrs O Earle Welling; Mrs W G Allan Mrs Morosworths; Major and Mrs C M Fitzgerald and child; Mr W Rogers; Major F W Bromfield; Mr C G Stevenson; Moore Sergt; Capt W T Swann; Mr D W P McPherson; Surg Col J MacCloghry; Capt Buckman; Mr J Stolke; Major E Gunner; Capt J Kandait; Mr J H Monksmith; Mr Turner; Mr Ginse; Capt W E Stanton; Mr H J Boas; Lieut G Thomas; Mr G M Sahcoman; Mr Adamson; Col and Mrs H H Castnbadie; Mr Nanayappa; Capt Penfounded.

For London—Rev T Harris; Col and Mrs M Bowers; Capt Fitz Soady, Mr Dick Lauder, and Mr and Mrs Jenkins.

Per s. s. Ganges, Captain F F Creery, 17th July, 1896.

For Brindisi—Mr R Clare; Mr W Ross; Mr Boyle; Mr Berkeley; Surg-Major Dobson; Lieut Coldstream; Mr R S Strachey; Mr and Mrs W R Stevenson; Mr E E Buckland; Mr and Mrs Denny; Mr W G Scott; Mr S H Hawkes; and Capt A S Tyndale Biscoe.

For London—Mr and Mrs P McDougall; Capt Carnane; Mr O Tomkinson; Mr H W Lyle; Mr J H Hutchinson; Mr M G Roberts; Mr C F Bandford; and Mr F D Barrington.

For Port Said—Lieut Bellow.

Per s. s. Caledonia, Capt W A Andrews, 24th July, 1896.

For Marseilles—Mr R Stewart; Mr D F J Powell; Major C Grants; Mr C F Knyvett; Mr G M Ryan; Mr and Mrs Mackworth Young, infant and child; Vety Lieut Col R E Queripel and son; Mr and Mrs Godfrey; Mr J S Weston; Mr H W J Bagnell; Miss Olivant; Brig-Genl E R Elles; Mr A H Diack; Mr C M King; Mr Ross Scott; Mr R B Paterson; Mr S M Macausland; Surg-Col G Thomson, C B; Major K S Kunsleville; Mrs Dunshaw; Mrs Dunsterwall; Surg-Capt P Moore; Mr and Mrs H G Dugalate; Major J H Pollock; Mr M W L Oakes; Mr C V Lloyed; Lieut B M M Tod Merew; Surg Col and Mrs L D Spencer; Capt W E Hunt; Lieut W G Juge; Miss Jamson; Mr S May; Mr C A Smith; Capt W G Moon; Surg Col A Stephen; Mr S Goodwin; Mr E A Howard; Mr B O Standson; Col D G Pitcher; Mr J H Symington; Mr E J King; Major M C Burton; Capt H J Steward; Mr Cumming, R N; Fitzgerald; Mr R R Deans; Mr J M Storra; Major and Mrs C T Western; Mr A B Hapien; Mr F J Fert; Leiut Col W C Martilli; two Misses Martilli; Lieut W M C Stevens; Mr M N Mann; Mr G S Yachson.

For Brindisi—Mr and Mrs F W Francis and child; Miss Stevenson; Capt J R Birch; Mr H C Robertson; Mr Alexander; Lieut F F Badcock; Mr B P Wilson; Lieut O Stewart-Wynne; Mr and Mrs French and infant; Col and Mrs Biggswither; Mr E Penny; Capt J R B Sergeant; and Mr and Mrs Buyers.

For London (via Marseilles)—Two Misses Major; Mr J P Hewett; and Mrs Hill.

Per s. s. Carthage, 7th August, 1896.

For Brindisi—Mr B Robertson; Mr Giles; and Mr W J Campion.

The mysterious disappearance of the coffin containing the remains of the Prince of Orange, which were deposited in the sacristy of the Church of the Eremites in Padua, is exciting much comment in Venice. It appears that Count Greppi, aide-de-camp to King Humbert, the Minister of the Netherlands, a representative of the Queen of Holland, and other officials had assembled to open the tomb for the purpose of having the remains of the prince taken to Delft. Everything was ready for the solemn conveyance by rail and for the reception of the remains at Venice. On opening the tomb the coffin was nowhere to be found, although it was known to have been there in 1885. The assembly was stupefied. Further excavation of the tomb with the aid of sappers revealed nothing but bones of animals. The following day search was renewed; but in vain. King Humbert and the Queen of Holland were apprised of the mysterious incident, and the ceremony of translating the ashes of the prince has perforce been abandoned. The Dutch warship Wanspieck in the meantime arrived in port, having a *chapelle ordente* fitted up.

LEVEE AT POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 1.

His Excellency Lord Sandhurst, held the Levee at the Council Hall, this evening. The following is the list of those who were present:—

PRIVATE ENTREE.

EUROPEANS.

Birdwood, the Hon Mr H M, C S, C S I
Batty, the Hon Mr H, I C S
Bombay, the Rt Rev the Bishop of
Bond, Capt R C, A D C to Genl Comdg Poona Dist
Burlton-Bennet, Col, Comy Genl
Caldecott, Maj-Genl, R A
Charles, Mr F L, Ag Comr, C D
Clarkson, Surg Lt Col, I M S
Cook, Surg Maj-Genl, H
Crowe, Mr W H, B C S
Curtois, Brig-Genl, R L H, D A G
Curties, Mr G Seymour, I C S, Post Master-General
Duncan, H E Lieut Genl, C E, C B, Comdg Forces, B'bay
Duncan, Lieut J, A D C
Filgate, Mr, Inspr Genl of Prisons
Fixott, Major, R A
Gatacre, Brig-Genl, J, Comdg Poona Dist
Gower Loveson, Capt, 1st Bo Lan
Honeage, Capt, H G, A D C
Kirkham, Mr T B
Levett, Capt, Berkeley, A D C
Lindon, B Boider, Rt Rev Dr
Little, Hon Mr T D, Scy Govt, P W D
Logan, Mr A C
Macpherson, Lt-Col D, Contr M Accts
Martin, Surg Maj H, A M S
Mercer, Maj H F, R A, Asst Mily Secy
Mentcath, Mr J, I C S, Secy Govt
Oldham, Comdr C F, R A
Olivant, Sir Charles
Ommanney, Mr Henry T, Colle
Owen, Major Richard, Mily Secy
Prideaux, Lt Col, D J A G
Scannell, Mr H, Inspr Genl of Police
Selby, Lt Col H O, R E, Secy to Govt, Ry Dept
Shuttleworth, Hon Mr A T, Cons Forests
Spence, Mr J K, I C S, Comr, C D
Sprague, Brig Genl, C H, R A
Thompson, Mr H M
Teck, H S H Prince Francis of
Walton, Capt, W C, A D C
Warren, Surg Maj-Genl, P M O, Bo Command
Wingate, Mr A C S
Woughton, Mr R C, Conservator of Forests

NATIVE GENTLEMEN.

Abdullah Khan, Sirdar Bahr Ros Maj, Native A D C
Aga Khan, H H the Akalkote, H H the Raja of
Anandrao K Raste, Mr
Baig, Mr Mirza Abbas A, C S
Bhor, The Chief of
Dastoor Hoshang J Shamsul Ulma, Sirdar K Bahr
Dorabji P, Sirdar K Bahr
Gackwar, Shrimant M
Gunpatrao V Sanglikar, Mr
Jamsetjee J, Sir Bart, C S I
Jehangier, Sir J Cowasjee
Kazi Shahabudin, K Bahr, C I E
Kassim, Capt S, Hony A D C
Khanderao B Dabhadhey, Senapatee of Talegaum
Khanderao W Raste, R Bahr
Limri, Thakore Saheb of
Luxuman J, Dewan Bahr
Potnis, Bhivrao Madhavrao
Raoji Rao Sawant, His Maj Bahadur, A D C
Trimbuckrao R Purandarey
Vasudev H Pandit (Baba Maharaj)
Sadasivrao M Purandare
Setalvad, Hon C H
Vishram R Ghollay, R Bahr Hony Asst Surg to H E the Viceroy

PUBLIC ENTREE.

EUROPEAN GENTLEMEN.

Abbey, Lieut W A T, 2nd Bo Lancers
Adams, Vety Lt-Col
Addison, Surg Maj, C J, A M S
Addison, Capt, R I Rifles
Alexander, Mr H N
Alexander, Mr A L
Anderson, Mr R A
Annand, Lieut, A S, 22nd B I
Atkins, Surg Col C A, A M S
Atkins, Lieut, R I Rifles
Ayerst, Mr C E
Babington, Capt D M, R A
Babington, Lt W, R E
Bain, Mr F W, Ed Dept
Bailey, Lieut G, 4th Rifles
Battiscombe, Capt, 2 S O, Kirkee
Beale, Mr H Fitzg
Bellers, Major E V
Belts, Lieut Col S J
Bicknell, Capt M, R A
Birch, Capt J R, Insp Sign
Birdwood, Capt W E
Blandiss, Major, C J, A A G
Brackenbury, Major H
Brandon, Capt, H A, R A
Broadfoot, Lt-Col, A, C B, R H A
Brogan, Lieut, R A
Brownc, Majr, J S, 2nd R I R
Buckle, Capt, R I R
Burnham, Mr C
Bythell, Major W J
Campbell, Capt H M, R H A
Cartwright, Capt C M
Cay, Capt H C E, I S C
Chitty, Mr W W, 19th Bo I
Cleveland, Surg-Capt, I M S
Cole, Capt H Wells
Corry, Lieut, J B, R E
Cowtor Lieut, R E
Creagh, Lt Col O M
Chitty, Mr A W
Christie, Mr George, R D F
Cousens, Mr H
Davidson, Capt Instr Gym
Davies, Lieut, J M, D L I
De Berry, Mr P P E, R A
De Vismes, Capt, 10th Bo L I
De Mello, Mr Lobando
Dickins, Revd, W A
Dimsdale, Lt W P, 2nd R I R
Donnett, Surg Major
Drury, Mr G R
Dunscombe, Lt B W, 28th Pioneers
Dwyer, Lt and Qr-Master
D'Souza, Rev, S M
Eagan, Major H A, 2nd R I R
Edge, Brig-Surg Lt Col
Fair, Lt F K, R E
Foster, Capt L M, 28th Pioars
Fagan, Mr R
Fernyhough, Lt H C, 2nd R I R
Fforde, Mr A B
Fox, Lt S H M
Fraser, Mr J M
French, Mr T H
Fry, Mr T B
Fry, Capt C L, 4th Rifles
Garwood, Lt F S, R E
Geary, Mr Grattan
Geddes, Capt R E
Geoghegan, Lt F E, D A A G
George, Mr D
Gerrard, Lt F R S, R E
Guider, Mr J A
Girvin, Surg Capt J, A M S
Godfrey, Col C W
Gordon, Capt L A, 2nd B Lan
Grant, Col, J, 4th Rifles
Grant, Majr, D A A G for Musketry
Gregory, Lieut, D L I
Greig, Lt J G, 28th Pioneers
Greany, Surg Lt Col
Hand, Sub Lt T H H, R I M
Hart, Col, H, R E
Hay, Lieut-Col, I M S
Hayward, Mr M H, I C S
Heywood, Revd R S, C M S
Heath, Surg Capt A J, I M S
Hearn, Mr E B
Hewlett, Lt A, 2nd Bo Lancers
Herbert, Mr H C, so Lanc
Hickman, Lieut, C S, R I M
Hicks, Lieut, R I R
Hichins, Lieut, T N, R H A
Holland, Mr H L
Horne, Revd E B
Hooton, Surg Lieut A, I M S
Hudson, Mr
Hunter, Lt J, 4th Bo Rifles
Jacob, Revd E
Jackson, Surg Capt
Jameson, Mr, R I R
Jeffcoat, Lieut, R A
Jones, Major Turner, H E
Johnston, Mr A W, 7th M I
Kalberer, Mr L L, M A Dept
Keir, Major, R A
Kennedy, Mr M, Supt Pol
Kenny, Capt, H T
Keown, Capt J C 4th B R
Korrison, Major C, R A
Knatchbull, Capt G W, Supt Army School
Koensgen, Rev J
Krickenbeek, Lieut R E E, 4th Rifles
Lachlan, Capt, R A
Lambert, Capt E P, R A
Lane, Lt F M, 28th Pioneers
Lang, Lieut E A, D L I
La Touche, Mr, R I M
Leso, Mr D F
Leslie, Capt A E, 2nd Bo Grens
Leumann, Surg Lieut, B H F, 2nd Bo Lancers
Lewis, Capt, H E
Lewis, Mr T T
Leader, Mr W F, Midd Regt
Lewis, Lieut, Supts of Gym
Luard, Capt, D L I
Lyon, Lieut W F, P W D
Mackay, Rev J H
Mackenzie, Lt L W, 28th Pions
Mackenzie, Lt Col T H, 2nd Bo Grens
Mander, Lieut, D A, D L I
Macnee, Mr H C
Marriott, Capt E F, 2nd Bo G
McKenna, Lieut
Meade, Major J W
McIver, Mr J A
Moncrief, Scott Major, Off D A A G
Monteith, Maj J, 2nd Bo Lanc
Moore, Lt G D M, 28th Pions
Morphy, Capt, R I R
Morrow, Mr J L, P W D
Moultrie, Lt H C R A
Morice, Lieut C D, R E
Moore, Lieut, D L I
Oglvie, Capt N S, R A
Orr, Mr, P W D
Osmaston, Mr L S, Forest Dept
O'Sullivan, Major G H W, Cmdt Bo S and M
Ottley, Capt, R O Y L I
Page, Mr Hastings, Ed Dept
Parry, Lieut, R A
Payne, Capt, D L I
Plunkett, Mr A H, City Mag, O I E
Plummer, Mr, R A
Potts, Major
Pottinger, Mr J C, Santy Engr
Phillips, Major, 19th Bo I
Prideaux, Arthur, Mr
Pringle, Maj A, 2nd Bo Lanc
Quatrough, Lt W J, D L I
Read, Surg Capt
Reed, Revd Joseph
Reilly, Lt Col B L, Staff Corps
Reilly, Major Rawdon, 28th Pioneers
Robb, Lieut A K, D L I
Roberts, Rev
Rossiter, Major H D, D L I
Rost, Capt W C, D L I
Roath, Capt
Salaman, Brig-Surg Lt-Col
Sale, Mr E L, I C S

possible to keep the matter secret. The best course to adopt was to request the reporters not to notice the discussion.

The Commissioner being of opinion that the reporters should be asked to withdraw,

The President requested them to leave the hall when the subject was being discussed.

Mr. Mehta remarked that the reporters might retire to the room downstairs for a short while.

Mr. Wacha: Yes, and there cool their heels. (Laughter.)

The representatives of the press and the public in the gallery then withdrew, when the subject was discussed.

SEWERS ON THE PORT TRUST ESTATE.

Dr. Viegas, in accordance with notice, moved that the Municipal Commissioner be requested to report on the condition of sewers on the Port Trust estate and to suggest remedies, if any, that he might deem necessary. He said that the sewers on the Port Trust estate were in a deplorable condition. They were all silted up with mud and dirt, and were in a very unhealthy condition.

The motion being duly seconded, was agreed to.

HEALTH OFFICER'S REPORT.

Dr. Katrak, in moving that the Health Officer's report for the fourth quarter of 1895 be recorded, drew the attention of the Corporation to the effect of the vegetable matter in and around the Vehar and Tulsi lakes on the health of the town, and said that as the Health Officer and the Forest Officer were at variance in the matter, the Commissioner might be asked to obtain a fuller report on the subject from the Health Officer.

The Hon'ble Mr. Mehta and Mr. Shroff pointed out that all that the Health Officer had to state had already been given in the report, and it was no use asking that officer to make another report on the subject.

The report was then recorded.

This concluded the business of the June meeting.

WATER METERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—With reference to the report submitted to the Standing Committee at their meeting yesterday, it would be interesting to know the principle on which the Municipality act in fixing water meters. It is generally admitted that meters would be open to far less objection if only the "vagaries" of their readings were under greater control, and if they were uniformly fixed to all bungalows. The "vagaries" of the readings were referred to by the Standing Committee some little while ago—and the difficulty seemingly is not one that can be easily overcome,—but the inequality or rather hardship in only fixing meters on certain bungalows is a different matter, and one that should be promptly rectified. A water meter necessitates the utmost care and vigilance, and the avoidance of all waste of water on the part of the horse-holder in order to keep the consumption within moderate limits—this is my experience, and is general, I think, when the supply is by meter.

When there is no meter the supply may be said to be practically unlimited—there is abundance of water for garden, stabling, and all other purposes, and wastage occurs to a great extent,—and the water-rate of 4 per cent. can often be no adequate payment for the quantity that is used. It certainly seems incongruous —to use no harder term—that the supply of water to one house-holder should be by meter, with all its attendant inconveniences, and a practically unlimited supply to another for which he pays no more—probably not so much. I trust some energetic member of the Corporation will take the matter up, and move for a return to ascertain (1) the principle on which meters have been fixed to bungalows; (2) the number of bungalows whose water-supply is regulated by meter; and (3) whether meters will be fixed to all other bungalows, and if so, when will they be fixed.—Yours, &c.,

July 2. ALPHA.

A SERIOUS ATTACK ON A SOLDIER.

On Tuesday evening, George Ross, a gunner in the 24th Company Royal Artillery, Colaba, went to Grant Road, in company of a comrade, named Charles Beales. After visiting several places in that part of the town, and drinking liquor in some grog-shops, they, about 10 p.m., walked up to the corner of Grant Road, intending to return to their barracks. On arriving at the junction of the Grant and Falkland Road, Ross, who was the worse for liquor, shouted out for a victoria, addressing the driver at the same time in disgusting language. The victoria driver, seeing the state of the gunner, whipped his horse and drove away. Ross and his comrade followed the conveyance and overtook it at a short distance. The driver came down his coach-box, and struck Ross with his whip with some vehemence. Ross and his companion landed out, whereupon the driver, whose name and the number of the vehicle has not been ascertained, called out for assistance. A large number of natives, including, it is alleged, the four persons who were subsequently arrested by the police, gathered together at the spot, and Ross received a severe hammering, sustaining two serious wounds on the head, and fell down insensible. His comrade Beales, fearing that he might be similarly attacked if he were to make any attempt to assist Ross, left the spot and concealed himself in another victoria, that was standing at a short distance. After the disturbance was over, and seeing that no one was about, he returned to the spot, where he saw his comrade lying on the ground, bleeding profusely from wounds on the head. He then placed Ross in a victoria and drove him to the Girgaum Police Station, and there reported to Constable Mitchell the assault committed on Ross. Mr. Mitchell, finding Ross seriously injured, conveyed him to the St. George's Hospital, where on examination it was ascertained that he had sustained an incised wound, about three inches long and two inches deep, exposing the frontal bone, and a contused wound on the right ear. After the wounds were dressed, Beales conveyed Ross to Upper Coloba, where he is now lying under treatment at the Station Hospital. Constable Mitchell then, in company of his Jemedar, proceeded to Falkland Road, and instituted an inquiry, when a Mahomedan, named Sulleman Khodabux came forward and informed the police that he was present when the gunner was assaulted, and that he would point out ten persons who committed the assault. The police arrested, four persons pointed out by the witness Sulleman, and recovered two sticks from a billiard-room, situated near the spot, where the alleged assault took place. This billiard-room is kept by a Hindu woman, and the persons who assaulted the gunner are said to have come out from there. At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday the four persons, whose names are Toolsram Shidhooji, Khodabux Cadurbux, Peerun Kadur, and Vassanji Jeevun, were placed by Constable Mitchell, before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, and charged with causing grievous hurt to the gunner Ross. All the accused denied the charge, stating that they were not present at the place where the alleged assault took place, but that they saw a crowd of people from a distance. They could not say who assaulted the gunner. The second accused added that the informant Sulleman had a grudge against him, and that was why he pointed him (accused) out as one of ten accused. The magistrate remanded the case to the 11th instant, pending the recovery of Ross, and ordered accused to be liberated on bail on their own recognizance in the sum of Rs. 25 each, and one surety for each for a like amount.

INDIAN COTTON IN SOUTH AMERICA.

We have been asked to publish the following information received by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce from the Government of India :—

"I enclose from the Consular Report on the trade of Dutch Guiana for 1894 and 1895, a suggestion by Mr. Consul Churchill, that the British Indian cotton prints, Indian muslins, and light silks might find a ready sale in Paramaribo. There would be a difficulty in exporting Bombay cottons in emigrant vessels which sail from Calcutta, but perhaps the difficulty is not insurmountable :

(Extracts from the Consular Report on the trade and commerce of the colony of Netherlands, Guiana, for 1894-95.)

Piece-goods.—One of the most important items in the list of imports is that of piece-goods of cotton fabric. The value of the importation in 1894 was about £53,000 and in 1895 about £52,000; of these amounts about £4,000 in 1894, and £10,000 in 1895, came direct from England, British Guiana, in both years, figures for over £5,000 in the totals; and the remainder comes almost entirely from Dutch Ports. Nevertheless, Manchester is given as the origin of the goods. A little care and attention to the wants of this market would, I am convinced, stimulate and improve the trade. Cheapness is the great essential.

British Indian Cotton Prints.—There should be an opening in this colony for piece-goods printed in India, and the cooly dyed stuffs should be a good medium to try the market with.

Indian Silks.—I would also suggest that Indian muslins and light silks might also find a ready sale here. Customs duty 10 per cent."

Holloway's Pills.—The Hour of Danger.—Disease commonly comes on with slight symptoms, which, when neglected, increase in extent, and gradually grow dangerous—a condition which betrays the grossest remissness—when these Pills, taken in accordance with their accompanying directions, would not only have checked, but conquered the incipient disorder. Patients daily forward details of the most remarkable and instructive cases in which timely attention to Holloway's advice has undoubtedly saved them from severe illness. These Pills act primarily on the digestive organs, which they stimulate when slow and imperfect; and, secondly, upon the blood, which is thoroughly purified by them, whence is derived the general tone they impart, and their power of subjugating hypochondriacism, dyspepsia, and nervous complaints.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF THE REMAINS OF THE LATE SIRDAR DILER JUNG BAHADUR.

The Anchor Line steamer Hispania, under the command of Captain S. Abrey, conveying the remains of the late Sirdar Diler Jung Bahadur, C. I. E., who died on the 21st May last in London, arrived in the Bombay Harbour, early yesterday morning, from Liverpool. Soon after his death the body was embalmed in a coffin, which was encased in an air-tight zinc shell, which was again enclosed in a wooden box. At Liverpool the box containing the remains was transhipped on board the steam-ship Hispania on the 4th June. The steamer entered the Prince's Dock at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and on being brought alongside the wharf, the coffin-box was landed, and conveyed into the No. 2 shed, which was reserved by the Port Trust authorities, the necessary permission for landing the remains from the vessel having been previously obtained from the Port Officer and the Health Officer, respectively. One of the servants, who had accompanied the Sirdar and the party to London, arrived in Bombay with the coffin. Syid Sarfraz Ali, a son of the late Sirdar, is a passenger by the steam-ship Caledonia. Long before the Hispania entered the dock, an immense crowd of Mahomedans of all parties had assembled at the Pier Head to pay their last tribute of respect to the demised Sirdar. The doors of the shed were closed after the coffin had been taken in, in order to prevent the crowd from rushing in. Only the deceased's relatives, including his brother, Syid Samshoodin Ali Khan Bahadur, his son, Syid Sirdar Ali Khan, and his nephew, Syid Mahomed Ali Khan, and Mr. Cronan, of the Esplanade Hotel, and a few officials, whose presence was considered necessary, were admitted into the shed. The wooden box was then broken open in the presence of Inspector Risgrow, of the Health Department, Mr. Pincent, Assistant Superintendent of the Dock, Messrs. Conry and Walker, Deputy Superintendents of the Dock, and Superintendent Ingram and Inspector Lee-Smith, of the Bombay Police. When the zinc shell was taken out of the wooden box, the deceased's brother and all the other relatives were moved to tears. After it was duly examined by the officer of the Health Department, the zinc shell was placed in a bier. The multitude of people outside the shed became so large that it was a difficult task for the police under Inspector Wheatly to keep them away from the dock wall. After the zinc shell containing the coffin was placed on the bier, it was thought necessary to admit into the shed a few well-known and influential gentlemen, who were waiting outside in their carriages. As soon as the door was opened a little, the crowd made a rush to enter, but they were prevented by the police officers from doing so. In a few minutes a large number of Mahomedan gentlemen got into the shed, and commenced paying their last tribute of respect to the remains of the deceased. Amongst those present were: Khan Bahadur Haji Cassum Mitha, Messrs. Haji Hassam Haji Metha, Ahmed Haji Cassum, Hassan Oomer Jamal, Sirdar Mir Abdul Ali, Messrs. Cronan, Abdulla Mea Haji Ahmed Khandvani, Haji Osman Abba, Abba Issa, Faker Mahomed Babanbhoy, Baban Mea Faker Mahomed, Ramjan Babanbhoy, Mahomed Hoosein Babanbhoy, Joosuf Haji Mahomed Ali, Hassan Mea Rahimtoola, Moosa Haji Mahomed Ali, Dawoodbhoy Moosaji, Moulvi Abdul Kadur Sahib Jeteker, Rahmoodin Mackba, Moulvi Shah Abdul Kadur Badanin, Dr. Faja Abdulla, and many others. The chief mourners were the deceased's relatives, who were present there, and for whom the deepest sympathy was felt. After the usual ceremony was performed over the coffin, the bier was covered with a valuable kinkob worked in gold embroidery, and this was again decorated with a profusion of flowers. A canopy of crimson velvet and gold embroidery was then held over the bier, supported on four silver pillars, borne by attendants. Twenty-eight Pathans, who had been engaged to carry the bier, were then allowed to enter the shed. These men, who were dressed in white from top to toe, stood round the bier. About seventy-five men conveying trays containing fruits and sweets then came in, and were followed by about twenty men carrying punjahs and nishans. A procession was then formed. It was headed by the men carrying punjahs and nishans, who were followed by the bearers of sweetmeat strays. Then came the bier, carried on the shoulders of the persons above referred to. As the procession came out of the shed, it was joined by thousands of persons, who had assembled outside the shed, and it then presented a very imposing spectacle, a number of carriages bringing up its rear. As the procession slowly wended its way, chanting prayers and pouring rose-water on all sides of the way, hundreds of persons collected on both sides of the road, and many were the recipients of money given away in charity. All along the route sandlewood dust was thrown on the coffin, while incence was burnt. The procession started at a quarter to 4 o'clock from the Prince's Dock. It marched along the Frere Road for about two hundred yards, and then turned sharp into the Musjid Bridge Road, and emerging on to the Musjid Bunder Road, arrived in Chuckla Street. The windows and roofs of the houses along this route were crowded by eager spectators. Coming out of the Chuckla Street, the procession turned to the Carnac Road, and having arrived at the Crawford markets, entered the Abdul Rehiman Street. It then turned into the lane, leading to the Jumma Musjid. Here the crowd was immense, and there was not a space to walk. The bier was taken into the Jumma Musjid, where after the usual prayers had been offered to the soul of the departed, it was again brought out, and in the same order of procession conveyed to the Bori Bunder. The bier was taken in the station through the southern gate, where a road-van was kept in readiness under the supervision of Mr. Ryan, the station-master. The bier was placed into the van, and after sweetmeats had been distributed among the poor, the procession dispersed. The road-van containing the coffin as well as a first-class carriage, which had been reserved for the relatives of the deceased, were attached to the Poona passenger train, which left the Victoria Terminus, at half-past 10 o'clock, last night. The remains will be conveyed to Secunderabad, where they will find a final resting place in the mansoleum, wherein the late Sirdar's mother was interred. Superintendent Sweeny rode along with the procession while it passed through his division, while Superintendent Grennan, assisted by a number of European police officers, was on duty at the Jumma Musjid, where the throng of the people was very crushing. Superintendents Brewin and Nolan preserved order at the Bori Bunder station. Thanks to the valuable assistance rendered by the police, everything passed off smoothly with the exception of a small accident, which occurred on the Musjid Bunder Bridge. The horses attached to a carriage following the procession took fright, and turned the carriage on to the footpath, breaking the poles.

THE "LITTLE GEORGIA MAGNET."

The reappearance of Miss Annie May Abbott, at the Tivoli Theatre, last night, was greeted by a fashionable audience. As on the previous occasion, the lady magnet had a representative committee, under whose supervision she conducted her marvellous feats, and it is no exaggeration to say that she mystified her audience by her muscular strength. The audience was very much interested in all her new feats, and the frequent applauses which were accorded to her evidenced the fact that the house was delighted with her performance. She will appear again to-night, and on Saturday afternoon she holds a matinee, at 4 p.m., and we should advise those who have not witnessed her miraculous power of strength not to fail to avail themselves of the opportunity of doing so.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the cusin ofting; teeth. Go at once to a Chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces nature quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allay all gains, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for Dysentery and Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine Dealers every where at 1s. 1½d. per bottle.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Viceroy, Lady Elgin, and family will probably spend ten days or a fortnight this month at The Retreat, Mashobra, there being the usual lull of entertainments at Viceregal Lodge during July.

Mr. W. H. Lucas, I.C.S., has been appointed a Second Assistant; Mr. J. W. A. Weir, I.C.S., to be a First Assistant, vice Mr. A. Lucas, transferred to the Government of India; Mr. S. R. Arthur, I.C.S., to be a Second Assistant, vice Mr. Weir.

Surgeon-Captain W. E. Jennings, M.B., C.M., acting Heath Officer of the Port of Bombay, has been appointed Medical Inspector of Emigrants at this port.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, J. McCloghry, F.R.C.S.I., Medical Officer to the Kathiawar Political Agency and in charge of the West Hospital, Rajkot, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months.

Surgeon-Captain B. B. Grayfoot, Secretary to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months.

Surgeon-Major C. Monks is to act as Medical Officer to the Kathiawar Political Agency and in charge of the West Hospital, Rajkot, during the absence of Surgeon-Lieut.-Colonel J. McCloghry.

Surgeon-Captain H. F. Cleveland has been appointed to the Medical charge of the Roman Catholic Orphanage School, Poona.

Surgeon-Captain S. E. Prall, M.B., B.S., to act as Secretary to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, during the absence of Surgeon-Captain B. B. Grayfoot.

Mr. F. Wright, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, is promoted to Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.

Four months' special leave has been granted to Mr. N. G. Priestly, District Traffic Superintendent, Rajputana-Malwa Railway.

The services of Lieutenant F. S. Walker, I.S.C., acting Fifth Assistant Political Resident, Aden, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India on the Military Department.

Mr. R. M. Kennedy, I.C.S., on special duty in the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for two months and nineteen days.

Mr. A. R. Maidment was granted special leave on urgent private affairs for six months with effect from the 28th May 1896.

Surgeon-Major C. F. Monks, Superintendent of Mahableshwar in the district of Satara, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Lieutenant F. W. Wodehouse to be Fifth Assistant to the Political Resident at Aden, and Lieutenant H. G. Carnegy to be Assistant to the Political Agent, Mahi Kantha, continuing to act as Third Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar. Lieutenant H. F. Jacob to be Sixth Assistant Political Resident, Aden. Lieutenant J. L. Harrington to be Adjutant, Kolhapur Infantry Corps, and *ex-officio* Assistant to the Political Agent, Kolhapur. These promotions are subject to alteration should the re-arrangement of Political appointments suggested by this Government be sanctioned.

The *Rangoon Times* says it is not only aboard troopships apparently that soldiers' families fare shabbily treated. A correspondent writes:—"In the Suffolk's married quarters, a block of buildings containing no less than eleven families, with a good proportion of young children, receives the meagre supply of eight small buckets of drinking water per day. The water is supplied in two portions, four buckets in the morning, and four in the afternoon. The *bhisties* who bring the water to the quarters are charged upon, directly they make their appearance, by a small army of ayahs, children and European women armed with the conventional clay chatty, tin pots, etc. Fifteen minutes after there is not a pint of drinking water to be had on the verandah, and those who are late have to go without it. From all accounts the scenes enacted when the water arrives are not lacking in excitement." The regimental authorities doubtless have some trouble with the boiling of the water, but (says our contemporary) this does not excuse the seeming parsimony with which the married people (who for various purposes are always in need of an abundant supply of water) are treated, and we commend the matter to the attention of the commanding officer.

Colonel Ian Hamilton will carry on the duties of Quartermaster-General, and Colonel Ridgeway those of D.Q.M.G. when Major-General Badcock goes on privilege leave this month.

The General Order sanctioning the placing of local corps under the Commander-in-Chief will be issued shortly, as only minor matters of detail remain to be disposed of.

The three men who had been giving trouble to the Chief of Jashpur and Sirguja have been captured. Dharma styled himself Raja Dharamjit Singh and appointed his two companions his dewan and daroga, respectively.

Orders regarding camps-of-exercise next cold weather will not be formulated until the local authorities have reported whether scarcity is likely to permit them in certain districts in Upper India. If the rains are good there will be no fear of any shortness of supplies in the areas available for the concentration of troops.

Major-General Lewes, Inspector-General of Artillery, has joined the ranks of the officials at Simla who are going home on privilege leave. Those who have been already notified are the Home Secretary, the Quartermaster-General, the Military Accountant-General and the Director-General of Telegraphs. A rumour that Mr. Woodburn is also about to take leave owing to ill-health is untrue.

Some time ago a Chinese Superintendent of Octroi, by name An Ch'un, reported his return to Pekin after sitting for the space of a year at the receipt of custom, at the Shahu Gate of the Great Wall. He also reported—which was of more importance—that he had brought back a surplus of Tls. 5,872 collected over and above the amount required by law. He memorialised the Emperor as to the disposal of this surplus. The reply, probably, was hardly to his liking. "Let this surplus," read the imperial decree, "be handed to the Treasurer of the Privy Purse, there being no necessity under the circumstances, to reward the said An Ch'un with this money." Truly China is a great country.

The case in which the Rev. F. M. Stewart charges E. Colloden with abetment of highway robbery was again before the Calcutta Chief Presidency Magistrate on Monday, when the evidence of Dr. Drury, Resident Physician at the Medical College Hospital, was recorded. After a spirited argument between the Magistrate, the Public Prosecutor and the pleaders for accused, the further hearing of the case was adjourned to Wednesday.

The Right Rev. Alfred Clifford, in appealing to friends at home for help for mission work in Northern India, states that the two dioceses of Calcutta and Lucknow contain a population of 120,000,000, of whom at least 18,000,000 are found in districts for the evangelisation of which the Church Missionary Society is responsible, while there are large districts in which not a man of any society is working. For the evangelisation of those 18,000,000, forty-five missionaries of the Church Missionary Society are available, and it is reckoned that each missionary with his native helpers may preach once to, perhaps, 20,000 in a year. The Bishop goes on to say that, presuming that a like number are reached indirectly, then the present evangelistic force may reach 1,800,000 souls in a year. It would take at least ten years for all those 18,000,000 for whom the Church Missionary Society is responsible in North India to hear the Gospel. The *Englishman* thinks the Bishop ought in strictness to warn his constituents that the results would be very much the same whether eighteen hundred or eighteen million were reached.

As was stated some time ago, the Secretary of State has accepted the proposals of the Government of India in connection with the consolidation and amendment of the two Codes of Procedure, and Sir Henry Prinsep has been attached to the Legislative Department for this special duty. The necessity for the work being undertaken without further delay was clearly established on this side, and it is likely to be done in the most thorough manner and at small expense to the State. It may be stated in general terms that after the introduction of the Codes in 1859 and 1862, there were periodical revisions at intervals of about ten years; but nothing has been done in this direction since 1882. In 1877 the Civil Procedure Code was brought up to date by a special Act, but this was soon found to be very defective and considerable amendments had to be made. These were introduced in a consolidated Act passed in 1882, in which year the Code of Criminal Procedure was also consolidated. Since that time sixteen Acts have been passed amending various provisions of the latter Code, but leaving untouched several important questions which have been brought to the attention of the Government of India and Local Administrations. A similar number of amending Bills dealing with civil procedure have also come into operation. Thirty-two new Acts have thus been carried through the Legislative Council in fourteen years, and it certainly cannot be in the interests of administrative efficiency that these should remain scattered through the statute book when they can be embodied into two consolidated Acts.

According to the latest census the number of Indians at home has noticeably diminished since 1894. Then it was 326. Now it is 284. Among other causes cited to account for this fact are the low rate of exchange, and the difficulty experienced by many England-returned barristers in maintaining themselves by their profession. Curiously enough while the numbers of law students and others of the sterner sex are decreasing, more and more Indian ladies go to England every year. Several are at home for the education of their children. Others are engaged in medical, or other studies, while others accompany their husbands. Not that there is yet any danger of a wholesale invasion of England by the dark-eyed Zuleikas of this country. There are only about twenty of them at home at present.

A correspondent of the *Rangoon Gazette* says that a Burman is ever joily. If you go on to the rice fields just now, you will find him knee-deep in mud ready to enjoy a joke, or on the timber rafts soaking wet for hours, singing away. But when he adds that few work so hard as the Burmese, none work harder, he expresses an opinion that is altogether in opposition to the popular idea.

The cycle seems destined to play an important part in politics as well as in everything else. Colonel Foster, M.P. for the Lancaster Division, recently made a tour of the Fylde District, accompanied by a procession of fifty cyclists, many of whom were lady-riders. Of course, there were speeches *en route* and the very novelty of the thing attracted numerous audiences.

According to the *Indian Mirror* there is a snake-catcher in the Calcutta Police force in the person of a Jemadar. The other day, it will be remembered, we reported a fatal case of snake-bite, in which we mentioned that the reptile was subsequently killed. Well it came about in this way; no sooner did the news reach the ears of the Jemadar than his cupidity was touched and he was determined to make hay whilst the sun shone. He immediately repaired to the spot and dug out the infuriated snake—a splendid specimen of a cobra measuring if anything above 5 feet,. Quick as lightning the snake got into position and with its hood up defied approach. The Jemadar here displayed his skill—though a very dangerous one. He dodged the reptile about till at the nick of time he dropped a duster on its tail. In a twinkle, both fangs were embedded on the duster and simultaneously the unerring hand of the Jemadar was securely fastened to the head of the reptile. Loud rang the cheers of the hitherto horror-stricken spectators, and with one voice they demanded "death for death." The Jemadar appealed to their sympathy, saying that he would sell the snake for five rupees to our enterprising townsman, Babu Hari Mohun Roy. But the edict had gone forth and the crowd was not to be denied. The snake was then reluctantly made over to the tender mercies of the people, who made a jelly of it.

Theosophy has not been flourishing in the Old World lately, and some of the Theasophist "leaders" from the New World are coming over to see what they can do. The "crusaders" were to leave New York for London on June 13, visiting Manchester, Liverpool, York, Bradford, Edinburgh, and other important cities in England and Scotland, concluding their tour in Dublin. Lectures will be delivered on Theosophy by, among others, Mr. and Mrs. Claude Falls Wright, whose marriage was reported the other day, but who say they were united in "a previous existence" thousands of years ago. The "crusaders" will afterwards visit the Continent, and Egypt will also be included in the tour. We would strongly recommend that a good supply of "Isis Unveiled should form part of the "crusaders'" literary equipment.

One of the most curious colonies that have ever been established on the American Continent is, we learn from the *London American*, about to settle in North Dakota. It is a colony of drunkards. Twenty-one drunkards and their families are about to move from Indiana to take up their abode upon the virgin soil of North Dakota. They say they will establish a "model drunkard colony." Already they have purchased 2,000 acres of land, and each family will receive an allotment of about fifty acres. The colony will be watched with much interest. It begins operations this month.

Lions are, according to a trainer, peculiarly susceptible to kindness from women. It must be remembered that nearly the whole of the supposedly savage animals exhibited in Europe are not animals captured in the wilds, but creatures borne in captivity. From being the smallest creatures they have been used to kindness and petting from women at least, and they never seem to forget this. It is well-known throughout the "show" business that a woman can go much further with animals than a man can—her voice, steps, and movements are less aggressive,

Mr. F. Durant, (says *London*, in his report as chairman of the St. Pancras Public Health Committee, states that upon analysis of three samples of the water in which ice-cream glasses were washed, it was found that they contained respectively 4,200,000, 2,150,000, and 5,340,000 putrefaction bacteria per cubic centimetre, as against rarely more than 100 bacteria in a cubic centimetre of good drinking water. Hence not only were the cheap ice creams vended in the streets, and mostly consumed by juveniles, frequently unwholesome because of the objectionable materials of which they were composed, but the water used by the vendors in connection with their business was very often foul. The St. Pancras Health Committee, having fully investigated the facts of the case over a wide area, hold that the present state of affairs "undoubtedly constitutes a source of danger to the health of the children of the poorer classes," by whom the objectionable ice creams are mainly consumed. The committee consider it is clearly necessary to control street sellers of ice cream in their occupation, and they have requested the Local Government Board to promote legislation providing for the registration of these ice cream vendors, and for the regulation of the trade by bye-laws, and proper supervision of the manufacture and supply of ice-creams. The Vestry of Clerkenwell and other London local authorities have made similar representations.

In Canada the Government, so it is said, gives a farm to every woman who has borne a twentieth child. Mrs. Maria Antonio Robles, of Mountain View, California, could have won a lot of real estate long ago if she had happened to live in the Dominion. Mrs. Robles has been mother to twenty-nine children, and is well and happy yet. She is eighty years old, and has just entered the lists as a competitor for the silver plate offered by an American contemporary to the parents having the greatest number of children. She ought to stand a good chance of getting it.

OBITUARY.

MRS. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

Mrs. Harriet Elizabeth Stowe, American writer, daughter of the late Lyman Beecher, and sister of the late Henry Ward Beecher, was born at Litchfield, Connecticut, June 14, 1812. She was associated with her sister Catherine in the labours of a school at Hartford in 1827, afterwards removed (1832) to Walnut Hill, near Cincinnati, and was married in 1836 to the Rev. Calvin E. Stowe, D.D. Mrs. Stowe wrote several tales and sketches, which were afterwards collected under the title of "The May Flower," 1849. In 1851-52 she contributed to the "National Era," an anti-slavery paper published in Washington, "Uncle Tom's Cabin" as a serial. This was published in book-form in 1852, and met with great success; nearly 500,000 copies were sold in the United States within five years of its publication, and in Great Britain also its sale was enormous. It has been translated into more than twenty languages, including Welsh, Russian, Armenian, Arabic, Chinese and Japanese; there were fourteen different German and four different French versions; and it was dramatised in various forms. Mrs. Stowe subsequently published, "A Peep into Uncle Tom's Cabin for Children," 1853; "A Key to Uncle Tom's Cabin," giving the original facts and statements on which that work was based, 1853; and "The Christian Slave," a drama, founded upon "Uncle Tom's Cabin," 1855. She visited Europe in 1853, and in the following year published, "Sunny Memories of Foreign Lands." A little work entitled "Geography for My Children" was published in 1855, and the next year appeared her second anti-slavery novel, "Dred: a Tale of the Dismal Swamp," republished in 1860 under the title of "Nina Gordon." In subsequent works Mrs. Stowe has delineated the domestic life of New England of fifty or a hundred years ago. These include: "Our Charley, and what to do with Him," 1858; "The Minister's Wooing," 1859; "The Pearl of Orr's Island," 1862; "Agnes of Sorrento," 1863; "Reply on Behalf of the Women of America to the Christian address of many thousand Women of Great Britain," 1863; "The Ravages of a Carpet," 1864; "House and Home Papers," 1864; "Religious Poems," 1865; "Stories about our Dogs," 1865; "Little Foxes," 1865; "Queer Little People," 1867; "Daisy's First Winter, and other Stories," 1867; "The Chimney Corner," 1868; "Men of Our Times; or, Leading Patriots of the Day," 1868; "Old-town Folks," 1869; "Little Pussy Willow," 1870; "Pink and White Tyranny," 1871; "Sam Lawson's Fireside Stories," 1871; "My Wife and I," 1872; Palmetto Leaves," 1873; "Betty's Bright Idea, and other Tales," 1875; "We and Our Neighbours," 1875; "Footsteps of the Master," 1876; "Bible Heroines," 1878; "Poganuc People: their Loves and their Lives," 1878; "A Dog's Mission," 1881; and, with her sister Catherine, "The American Woman's Home," 1869. A selection from her writings, entitled "Golden Fruit in Silver Baskets," was issued in 1859. In Sept., 1869, Mrs. Stowe contributed to the "Atlantic Monthly" and to "Macmillan's Magazine" an article entitled "The True Story of Lady Byron's Life." This article evoked a storm of indignant literary criticism, which was by no means allayed by the publication in 1870 of her work entitled "Lady Byron Vindicated." Mrs. Stowe's health for some years has been very precarious. She resided at Hartford, Conn., with her son, the Rev. Charles E. Stowe, who, in 1889, published a "Life of Harriet Beecher Stowe, compiled from her Letters and Journals," by himself.—"Men and Women of the Time."

THE DARJILING LANDSLIPS.

The special correspondent of the "Englishman" writes:—Arrived at Ghoom I found there was no hindrance to our completion of the journey, at least no insuperable obstacle. Relays of men had cleared the line in two days, working night and day. Proceeding slowly for about three hundred yards we came to the first landslip. It was only of slight extent, and had merely dislodged a few bushes and a quantity of soil. From there right into Darjiling was one series of earth subsidences. I counted over 30 larger and lesser. Some were of tremendous extent, covering in one instance a land surface of twenty yards. Trees, shrubs, and huge boulders had alike been torn up and tossed, some on to the line, others into the ravine below. For the most part the subsidences had found lodgment on the road or the railway. The train threaded its way very slowly and carefully through embankments of earth. Room was barely allowed for its passage. A bridge which had been partially destroyed at a point where the line runs very near the mountain's edge has been restored, and the Railway Company are to be commended for the promptness with which they have had the line cleared, and enabled communications to be again established. Rain is falling in torrents here at the present time. To-morrow I shall hope to send you fuller details of the landslips about Darjiling, with particulars of deaths and damage caused thereby.

Writing on Monday the same correspondent says:—There is no further damage to report. Rain fell at intervals through the night, though not very heavily. The rainfall this morning registered 3·5. For the day previous it was 8·4.

Those who have been injured are progressing favourably, including the son of the woman who was killed at Dunns location. His escape was almost miraculous. He was precipitated some sixty feet down the khud but beyond sustaining a fractured ankle and bruises on the face he was not hurt, walking back to his mother's demolished house within a few minutes of the occurrence.

The roads are being repaired with all despatch, and the Mall is now clear. The Calcutta, Birch Hill, Lebong and Auckland Roads are still blocked. Dr. Deare's house narrowly escaped destruction, a huge rock, weighing over a hundred tons, falling within eight yards of the rear of the premises. The family had an equally narrow escape, for while looking at the stables a cracking sound was heard, and a moment later a large quantity of earth fell crashing upon the buildings. The horses had been got out in the nick of time.

The water supply, which has been cut off for the past two days was established this morning. Quite a thousand feet of piping has been destroyed, and the estimated loss to the municipality for that and other damage is sixty thousand rupees. Private losses at present cannot be estimated, but they are probably treble that figure. The Upper Alloobaree Tea Estate is said to be seriously damaged as at first thought, but a large part of the garden is covered with fallen earth.

Verification of the destruction of the Sonada Mission has not yet being obtained, but it is very improbable that any lives have been lost even if the building has suffered. The damage to the Planters' Club is very slight. No part of the main structure has been harmed, but the Native godowns at the rear have been demolished. The excitement which had risen to a considerable pitch is now abating. A good number of visitors had already left, and many more are leaving this week. These occurrences, however, were not permitted to interfere greatly with social festivities except to the extent of preventing a few from the outskirts attending them. On Friday night the Bachelors' Fancy Dress Ball, went off with great eclat at the Town Hall. Saturday evening saw some seventy five Masons banqueting at Drum Druid Hotel on the occasion of the installation of Worshipful Master Yeatman Biggs for the current year.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, July 2.)

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that Major M T Sydes's lien on his British appointment be suspended, and to make the following appointments:—Major G B O'Donnell to be Second in Command, Kolhapur Infy Corps, and ex officio Asst to the Political Agent, Kolhapur, vice Major Lyde, continuing to act as First Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar; Capt H D Mercwether to be Third Asst Political Resident, Aden, vice Major O'Donnell, continuing to act as Second Asst Political Resident, Aden; Capt J Davies to be Fourth Asst Political Resident, Aden vice Capt Mercwether, continuing to act as Second Asst Political Agent, Kathiawar; Lieut F W Wodehouse to be Fifth Asst Political Resident, Aden, vice Captain Davies; Lieut H G Carnegy to be Asst to the Political Agent, Mahi Kantha, vice Capt P Z Cox, continuing to act as Third Asst Political Agent, Kathiawar; Lieut H F Jacob to be Sixth Asst Political Resident, Aden, vice Lieut Wodehouse. Lieut J L Harrington to be Adjt, Kolhapur Inv Corps, and ex-officio Asst to the Political Agent, Kolhapur, vice Lieut Carnegy, continuing to act as Third Asst Political Resident, Aden.

These promotions are subject to alteration should the rearrangement of Political appointments suggested by this Govt be sanctioned.

The services of Lieut F S Walker, I S C, acting Fifth Asst Political Resident, Aden, are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of India in the Mily Dept and of H E the Commdr-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 17th May 1896.

The orders contained in this dept Notifications Nos 2429 and 2007, dated respectively the 7th April and 5th May 1896, are hereby cancelled.

Mr R M Kennedy, I C S on special duty in the Political Dept, is granted privilege leave for two months and nineteen days with effect from the 24th July 1896.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Ganesh Shankar Dravid, who has been dismissed from his post in the office of the Inspr Genl of Police, is hereby declared incapable of serving Govt again in any capacity.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Major G B O'Donnell, acting First Asst to the Political Agent, Kathiawar, to act as Judicial Asst to the Political Agent, Kathiawar, in addition to his own duties, pending further orders.

Rao Saheb Ramchandra Daji Nagarkar and Rao Saheb Venkatrao Yakuath Wagh respectively delivered over and received charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Medha in the Satara District on the 21st ultimo, in the forenoon, and of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Wai in the same district on the 21st idem, in the afternoon.

In modification of Govt Notification No 3729, dated the 27th May 1896, it is hereby notified that Mr R R Maidment was granted special leave on urgent private affairs for six months with effect from the 28th May 1896.

Mr E L Sale, I C S, Asst Colr in the Dist of Poona, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magte of the First Class in that district, and is invested with additional powers, specified.

Lieut J W B Morewether and Lieut F S Walker respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Cantonment Magte, Aden, on the 30th April 1896, in the afternoon.

Lieut F S Walker and Lieut W Beale respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Cantonment Magte, Aden, on the 15th May 1896, in the forenoon.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased under Section 37

PURELY PERSONAL.

THE poet Laureate, Mr. Alfred Austin, who is an honorary member of the Irvine Burns Club, has accepted an invitation to be present at the unveiling of the Burns statue on 18th July, and will deliver an oration.

One of the prettiest compliments upon record (says a society paper) was paid to the Princess of Wales during her recent visit to Hatfield. A little child who was staying in the house was told that she would presently see the Princess of Wales. In due course Her Royal Highness entered the room. After an interval of a few minutes the child, having looked hard at her, turned and said, "Mamma, I've seen the young Princess, but where is the Princess of Wales?" No courtier could have prepared a prettier compliment than this.

It is understood that the Archbishop of Canterbury, assisted by the Bishop of London, will officiate at the wedding of Princess Maud of Wales to Prince Carl of Denmark. The musical portion of the service will be entrusted to Sir Walter Parrott and the choirs of St George's Chapel, Windsor, and the Chapel Royal, St James'. The service will be fully choral. The hymns and anthems have been specially selected by the Queen. The arrangements of the procession within Buckingham Palace are now being made. A brilliant spectacle may be anticipated.

Now that Sir Richard Temple is no longer in Parliament it is difficult to decide the question "Who is the "preux chevalier" of the House of Commons?" which, with the season of "Tea on the Terrace" in full swing, is naturally exercising the Lobby. There was a passage in Sir Richard Temple's farewell address to his constituents in which he referred to the amenities of his Parliamentary life:—"I do not disguise the fact that it has been the greatest pleasure to me to take ladies round during the early part of the sitting when nothing particular was going on, and when I was able to show them everything to be seen in those antique chambers. And having done that, having placed my fair friends snug and comfortable up in the gallery, I went back to my place in the fighting ranks, and there I remained for the rest of the night." The familiar figure of Sir Richard Temple is missed from among the groups of ladies who nightly throng the Lobby and await their turns for a peep into the Chamber through the window beside the main door. Several members are, however, competing for his laurels, and the general opinion is inclined to award them to Mr. Swift MacNeill, as the escort of most ladies through the Palace of Westminster.

The Marquis of Granby on his elevation to the peerage takes his title as Baron Manners of Haddon. Haddon was held soon after the Conquest by William de Avenell, and descended to Sir George Vernon, the "King of the Peak," through one of whose daughters it came to the Dukes of Rutland, and was the principal seat of the family until the beginning of the last century. The Hall, about six miles from Chatsworth, is a very fine and complete specimen of an ancient baronial residence. It is beautifully situated, overlooking the Wye, and, with its towers and battlements peering out from the rich woods, has been ever a fertile subject for the painter. A portion of the gateway was built in Edward III.'s time, but the building was built in Edward IV.'s, when the nobles had ceased to build fortresses for homes. Lord Manners's eldest son takes the courtesy title of Lord Haddon.

It is satisfactory to learn, on the authority of Mr. W. J. Holloway, late of the Lyceum Theatre, that Shakespeare is much appreciated in Johannesburg, and spells anything but "ruin" to the enterprising manager there who isn't afraid of "doing the Bard properly." Mr. Holloway opened in the "Golden city" —with Miss Amy Coleridge as his leading lady—on Boxing Night, and, notwithstanding the crises through which the Rand has passed, he had a very successful season. Interviewed recently, he said:—Of all the plays we have staged during our season here—with the exception of the first week of "Trilby," the success of which I attribute entirely to curiosity—the plays that have drawn the most money were those which people, who are not admirers of Shakespeare, might have thought would draw the least, "Richelieu," "Merchant of Venice," and "Richard III." As we show above, the favourite performances at Bulawayo at present are of an altogether different character.

Sir Charles Tupper's wonderful activity is, says an Ottawa telegram to the "Times" surprising to friend and foe alike. His fertility of resource is also remarkable, and of this the "Canadian Gazette" gives an interesting instance:—It happened that no supply was voted for the Canadian Printing Bureau last session, and the vote passed at the session of 1895 had become exhausted. This being so, Mr. McDougall, the Auditor-General, informed the Queen's Printer that no cheques could be issued on account of the Bureau. Pay day was at hand, what should be done, if the 150 hands were not to be dismissed? The Queen's Printer happened to meet the Premier as he was leaving to catch the train for the Maritime Provinces. "Telephone to the railway people that I may be a few minutes late, and to hold the train," said Sir Charles Tupper to Mr. Dawson. Then sitting down, he hurriedly dashed off a letter to the Bank of Montreal, authorising them to pay any cheques necessary for conducting the business of the Printing Bureau, signing it "CHARLES TUPPER, Prime Minister of Canada, personally responsible." Then Sir Charles hurried off, and the crisis at the Bureau was at an end.

According to the "Gaulois," the late M. Jules Simon was "l'homme le plus interviewé de France." Even during his illness, he never showed a reporter the door, such was the kindly feeling which the veteran Academician felt towards those whom he used to call his "young colleagues." According to the same authority, after M. Simon, the most frequently interviewed French celebrities may be placed in the following order:—M. Zola, M. Jules Claretie, Mdme. Sarah Bernhardt, M. Coquelin, M. de Goncourt, and Sir Charles Dilke.

The Duke of Argyll has published a cogent letter on Undenominationalism, as advocated by the Nonconformists in public elementary schools, and Dr. Parker's alternative proposal of purely secular teaching. He traces the opposition of both parties to the Government Education Bill not to mere jealousy of the Established Church, but to "their dread and dislike of the sacerdotal theory of the nature and functions of the Christian Ministry, as represented by Roman and High Anglican theology." Nobody, says the Duke, is a more thorough disbeliever in that theory than himself, and he has "never thanked God that the Bishop of Rome has condescended to inquire" into the validity of Anglican Orders. This position, however, only gives greater force to the Duke of Argyll's view of present duty. The anti-sacerdotal view which he holds in common with the Nonconformists has nothing, he declares, to do with the question of religious education. "Christianity," he proceeds, "cannot be sterilised of its good to men even by the narrowest and the most mechanical theories of the guarantees for truth, or for the acceptability of acts of worship. The dogma of Dr. Parker that the State has nothing to do with religion except to establish against every form of it a rigid boycott in the matter of education has not in it a single element either of logic or of common sense."

The death of Dr. Middleton, director of the South Kensington Museum, will be a great loss to that institution, for the direction of which he had especial qualifications. His knowledge of art covered a very wide field, and he possessed in a unique degree the ready ability to eliminate the spurious and detect the true art product, which is so important in such an institution. Under his guidance the Museum has greatly improved in its contents and in their arrangement. Originally Dr. Middleton succeeded Mr. Sydney Colvin as Slade Professor at Cambridge, and he removed to South Kensington a little over two years ago. It is much to be regretted that so useful a career has been prematurely cut short, Dr. Middleton being only a little over 40 years of age.

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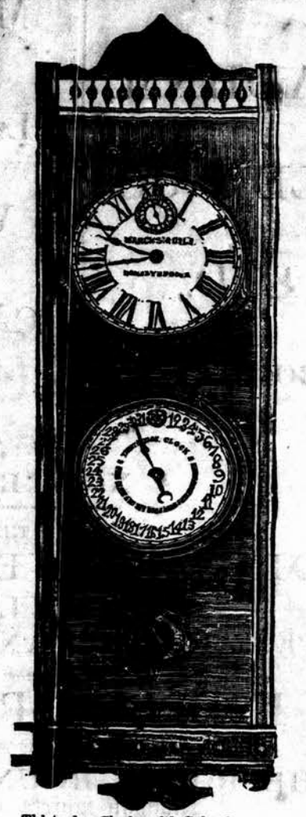

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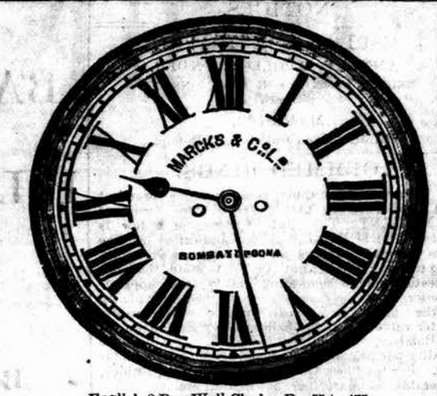

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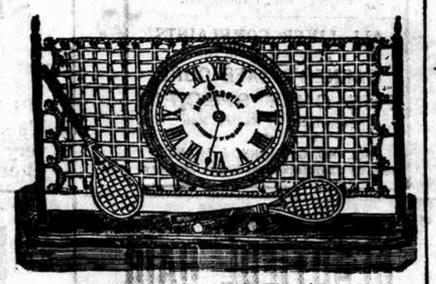

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